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Jumpin' Jack Flash
Honky Tonk Women

Gimmie Shelter
Let It Bleed
Sympathy For The Devil (Live)
Brown Sugar
Tumbling Dice
Angie
Let's Spend The Night Together (Live)
Time Is On My Side (Live)
Harlem Shuffle

SHINKO MUSIC PUB.CO.,LTD.

THE BEST OF THE ROLLING STONES

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TELL ME (YOU'RE COMING BACK)

テル・ミー

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

イントロはTempo Rubato (テンポ・ルバート)、つまり自由なテンポで、と指示があるが、ベースとドラムはタイミングを合わせるために一定のリズムをキープするようにした方がよいだろう。三つ部分からは、ボーカルをキックケにしてリズムをスタートさせればよい。Guitar Iはアコースティック・ギターを使っているものだ。イントロはアルペジオ風のフレーズを弾いている。その他の部分はコード・ストロークを行っている。このコード・ストロークは、6弦すべてを鳴らしてはいないので、コードを奏する方も楽なものでよいだろう。四の部分のドラムは、シンバルを使って静かにプレイしている。ここはあまりうるさく

ならないように注意したい。四からは、エレクトリック・ギターのGuitar IIもスタートし、ドラムも普通の8ビート・パターンを叩いているが、この曲ではスネア・ドラムを使わず、代わりにタンバリンを打っている。Guitar IIのエレクトリック・ギターのサウンドは、ディストーションさせないクリアーなものだ。リア側のピックアップを使って、高音を強調したサウンドで弾くと良いだろう。四の部分ではギター・ソロを弾いている。ここではアルペジオ奏法によるフレーズを弾いているので、左手のフィンガリングは、コードを押えたままでよいだろう。

The musical score is arranged in six staves, labeled on the left as Vocal, Chorus, Guitar I, Guitar II, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is one flat (Bb) and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into three main sections: an Intro, a Chorus, and a Guitar Solo. The Intro is marked 'Tempo Rubato' and features a vocal line with a single note, a chorus line with a single note, and guitar lines with arpeggiated chords. The Chorus is marked 'In Tempo' and features a vocal line with the lyrics 'I / You / I', a chorus line with a single note, and guitar lines with strummed chords. The Guitar Solo is marked 'Guitar' and features a guitar line with a complex arpeggiated pattern. The Bass and Drums parts provide a steady rhythmic foundation throughout the piece.

Vocal *Bb* *F* *Bb*

went you back a - gain
said we're through be - fore
as the days go by
I
You
I

walked want your
long out on me
for the nights

Other

Guitar I 4 4

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F* *B* *Dm* *Eb*

love a - gain I know you find it hard
be - fore I tried to tell you it hard but you
to go by I hear the knock on my door

Other

Guitar I 4 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5

Guitar II 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5

Bass

Drums < Tambourine >

Vocal *F* *Bb* *Dm* *Eb*

to rea - son with me But it's time it's diffe - rent
 didn't want to know This time — you're diffe - rent
 that ne - ver comes I — hear the te - lephone

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *C* *E* *F* *Bb* *1:3*

dar - ling you'll see } You got - ta tell me you're com - ing
 and de - ter - mined to go }
 that has - n't rung

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *Gm*
back to me You got - ta tell me you're com - ing back to me You got - ta

Other
back to me You got - ta tell me you're com - ing back to me

Guitar I %

Guitar II %

Bass %

Drums %

Vocal *E^b* *F* *to 1*
tell me you're com - ing back to me You got - ta tell me you're com - ing

Other
tell me you're com - ing back to me tell me you're com - ing

Guitar I %

Guitar II %

Bass %

Drums %

Vocal *F* *D B^b* *F*

back to me

back to me

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F* *B^b* *F*

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

8

Vocal *Dm Eb F Bb*

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *Dm Eb C7onE F*

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

You got - ta

D.S. 1

♢Coda 1

Vocal *F*
back to me

Other
back to me

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass
3 3 3 3

Drums
D.S. 2

♢Coda 2

Vocal *F*
back to me You got - ta

Other
back oh _____

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass
3 3 3 3

Drums
D.S. 3

♢Coda 3

Vocal *F*
back to me oh _____

Other
oh yeah _____

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass
3 3 3 3

Drums

Vocal *3b* *Gm*

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass
③ ③ ③ ③ ③ ③ ③ ③

Drums

ROUTE 66

ルート66

Words & Music by Bob Troup

ボビー・ハループという人の作品で、'40年代に作られたものを、ストーンズがリメイクしてデビュー・アルバムなどに収録しているヴァージョンだ。曲の構成が普通の12小節のブルース・パターンとは違い、12+12の計24小節がワン・コーラスになっている。さらにストーンズの場合、まずその後半の12小節から入るというアレンジにしている点が、ちょっとユニークだ。プレイの方はストーンズらしくシンプル&ストレートなもので、テクニク的に難しい点はまずないと言える。ただ、少し問題なのはベース・ラインで、普通のプレイヤーならあまり選びそうにないラインだけに、多少慣れるまでに時間が必要かもしれない。逆に言えばそれだけ個性的なベース・ラインということだろう。1・2弦を多

用するので、その音があまり細くならないようにサウンドをセットするとい。リード・ギターはその大部分がAのマイナー・ペンタトニック・スケールのポジションで（Aのマイナー・ペンタトニックそのものを使っているわけではない）プレイされていて、コピーはかなり簡単はずだ。ギター・ソロの5小節目以降では1・2弦での複音プレイがスライド絡みで出て来て、これが唯一のポジション・チェンジらしいポジション・チェンジだろう。これも特別難しいプレイではないので、余裕を持って弾けるように練習しておきたい。そうしておけばフレーズの「勢い」が違って来るはずだ。

[A] A7

Vocal

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Well if you—

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B A7 D7 A7 D7

Vocal

ev-er plan to mo-tor west Jack takes my way that's the high
from Chi-ca - go to L.A. More than two thou - sand

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Detailed description: This system contains the first four measures of the song. The vocal line has a melodic line with lyrics. The guitar has a lead line with bends and a rhythm line with chords. The bass has a simple line, and the drums have a steady beat.

A7 E7 D7

Vocal

way that's the best Well get your kicks on Route Six - ty Six
miles all the way Well get your kicks on Route Six - ty Six

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Detailed description: This system contains measures 5 through 8. The vocal line continues with lyrics. The guitar has a lead line with bends and a rhythm line with chords. The bass has a simple line, and the drums have a steady beat.

12

A7

2 A7

Vocal

Well it winds — Well it

E. Guitar

h.c.

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

C 8 A

Vocal

goes to Saint — Louis, — Down to Mis-sou-ri O-kla-ho-ma Cit-y looks oh — so pret-ty You ought to

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal D7 A7

See A - ma - ril - lo Gal - lup New - Mex - i - co Flag -

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal E7

- staff, Ar - i - zo - na, don't far - get Win - o - na Kings - man, Bar - stow, San Ber - na - di - no Would you -

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal A7 D7 A7

— get hip — to this kind - ly tip — And — go take —

E. Guitar C D

Tab C D

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal D7 A7

— that Cal - i - for — nia trip — Well get your kicks

E. Guitar D G C G C

Tab D G C G C

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

The musical score for 'A7' by The Police is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff is for the Vocal line, which is mostly silent. The second staff is for the E. Guitar, showing a melodic line with chords G, C, D, and D. The third staff is for the Tab, showing the fretting for the guitar line. The fourth staff is for the E. Bass, showing a bass line with a double bar line at the end. The fifth staff is for the Drums, showing a drum line with a double bar line at the end. The score is in 4/4 time and features a key signature of one sharp (F#).

D7

A7

Vocal

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

E7

D7

A7

Vocal

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Well it

D.S.

Vocal

A7 [F] E7 D7 A7

Well— get your kicks— on Route Six - ty Six—

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal

E7 D7 A7 E7 A6

Well— get your kicks— on Route Six - ty Six—

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

CAROL

おにいちゃん
Words & Music by Chuck Berry

ロックン・ロールの父とも呼ばれる偉大なアーティスト、チャック・ベリーの作品で、ここでは彼らのデビュー・アルバム『ザ・ローリング・ストーンズ』に収められているヴァージョンをピック・アップしてみた。レコードのオリジナル・キーは譜面通りAなのか、それともB♭なのがちよっと微妙なのだが、とりあえずより一般的に使われるAキーにしておいた。もしB♭キーでプレイする場合、リズム・ギターのポジショニングは単に1フレット上げではなく、大幅に変更する必要がある。リード・ギターとベースは単純に1フレット・アップでOKだ。レコードの演奏自体、当時の水準から考えてもあまり上手なプレイではなく、かなりラフ

なもので、特にベースなど音がはつきりしない（録音のせいではなく、技術的な原因）部分も多いのだが、大切なのはそうした細かい面ではなく、全体としてのノリ、フィーリングだろう。そうしたポイントをふまえてコピーを進めて行ってほしい。その反面、リード・ギターのフレージングなどは大部分がワン・ポジションで弾ける簡単なもので、初心者練習にはちょうどいいし、それでいてロックン・ロールのフィーリングを十分に学びとることができるとおもわれるはずだ。演奏がシンプルな分、リラックスしていい雰囲気を出せるように心掛けてみよう。テンポは意外に速いので要注意だ。

18

Vocal

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Chord symbols: A, D9, A, (D7)

Vocal lyrics: Woo ——— Car

[B] 8. A7

Vocal
 lit-tle ma-ma she's so weak she falls down— I know a
 Wan-na hear some mu-sic like the boys are playing— Put

E. Guitar
 h.v. D h.c

Tab
 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 7 7 5 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7

E. Guitar
 % % %

Tab
 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0

E. Bass
 % % %

Tab
 5 5 4 4 7 7 4 7 5 5 4 4 7 7 4 7

Drums
 % % %

Vocal
 swing-ing lit-tle joint where we can jump and shout— It's not so
 out your foot let your cares a-way— Don't let the

E. Guitar
 C D

Tab
 7 7 7 5 5 5 5 5 7 7 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 3

E. Guitar
 % % %

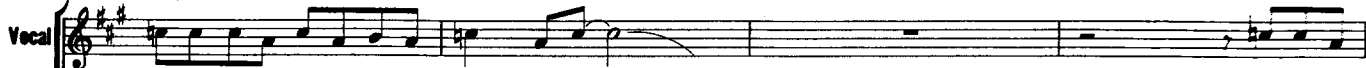
Tab
 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0

E. Bass
 % % %

Tab
 5 5 4 4 7 7 4 7 7 7 4 7 5 5 4 4 7 7 5 5 4 4 7 4

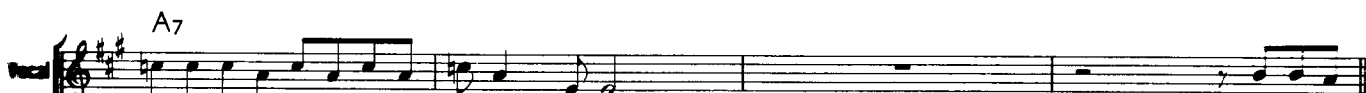
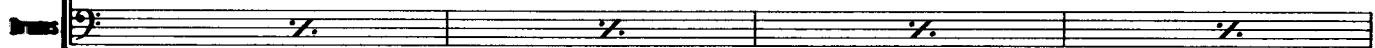
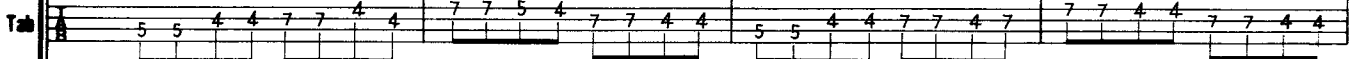
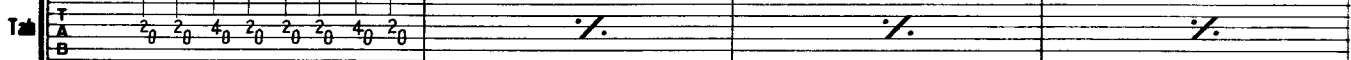
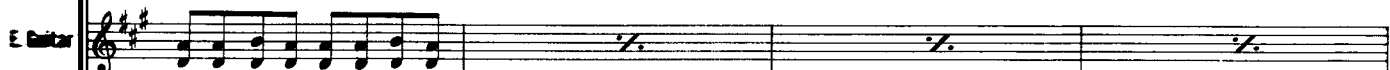
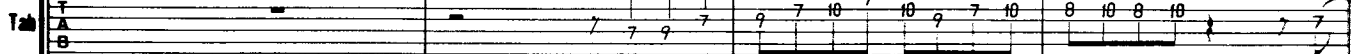
Drums
 % % %

[B'] D7



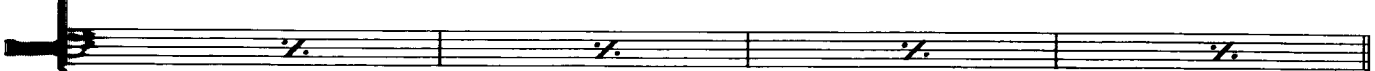
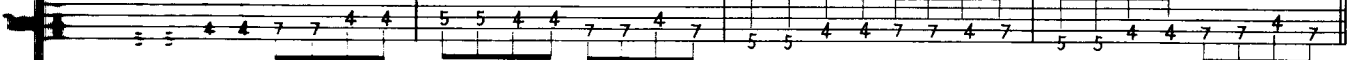
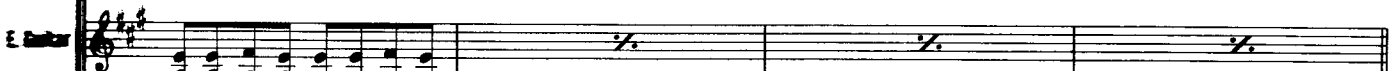
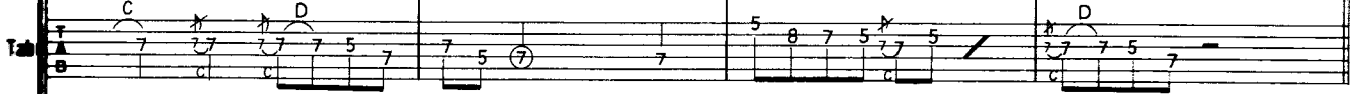
far back off the high-way not so long a ride
heat o - ver - come you when they play so loud

You park your
Well the



car out in the o - pen you can walk in - side
mu - sic will greet you with the ga - la crowd

A lit - tle
Well you can





E7

Vocal

She takes your hat and you can thank her ma'am
dance I know you would do good 'Cause ex-ery-
I got my

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

A7

Vocal

time you make the scene you find the joint is jammed
eyes on you ba-by 'cause you dance so good

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

[D] A D9 A7 (D7) *part.*

Vocal 1.2) Waa _____ Car

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

[E] D7 A7

Vocal - ol don't let her steal your heart a-way I'm gon

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

G D7 A7

Vocal

E Guitar

Tab

E Guitar

Tab

E Bass

Tab

Drums

E7 D7 A7 A7 E7

Vocal

E Guitar

Tab

E Guitar

Tab

E Bass

Tab

Drums

Now if you

D.S.

Vocal: *(D7) port* H D7 A7
 Woo — Car — ol don't let her steal your heart — a-way — gon

E. Guitar: *Q.C* *C* *port. C* *C*
 Tab: 5 5 7 7 7 7 5 7 7 7 7 5 7 5

E. Guitar: *Q.C* *C* *port. C* *C*
 Tab: 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0

E. Bass: 7 4 5 7 7 5 5 4 4 7 7 4 4 7 7 4 4 5 5 5 4 7 7 4 7
 Tab: 7 4 5 7 7 5 5 4 4 7 7 4 4 7 7 4 4 5 5 5 4 7 7 4 7

Drums: % % % %

Vocal: E7 D7 A7
 — na learn to dance — if it takes me all — night — and day — Woo — Carol —

E. Guitar: *h.c* *h.u* *h.u* *h.u*
 Tab: 7 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7

E. Guitar: *h.c* *h.u* *h.u* *h.u*
 Tab: 4 2 4 2 6 2 4 2 4 2 6 2 4 2 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0

E. Bass: 7 7 6 6 4 4 6 4 7 7 4 4 7 7 4 4 5 5 5 4 7 7 4 7
 Tab: 7 7 6 6 4 4 6 4 7 7 4 4 7 7 4 4 5 5 5 4 7 7 4 7

Drums: % % % %

Fade Out

PAINT IT, BLACK

黒くぬれ

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

ビートルズとの違いが如実に現れていた代表曲がこの曲であつたと思われる。この暗さ、退廃的な歌詩、黒人らしいフィーリングなど、そのすべてが当時のロック・ミュージシャンに大受けだった。今聴き直してみてもシンプルな曲作りは好感が持てる。この曲にはB、Dといういわゆるサビが一応あるが、あくまでもAメロの4小節パターンで最後まで押し通すところが素晴らしい。しかもボーカルとギターのコニゾンである。それだけにギターもきき感の高い音が必要となってくるわけだ。ここではエレキ・ギターのサウンドだが、現在では、ギターシンセ、あるいは最新のシステムであるシンセサイザーと接続できるギターが開発されているので、わりと楽に音を作ることができると思う。BからはギターIIが1拍3連を多用したバックギンギンに移るので、まるでフタメンコを見ながら盛り上がるような気分させてくれる。この

カッティングも重要だね。ベースは面白いパターンが使われている。Aの1～4小節をみてほしい。Bの音を基調とした4小節パターンになっている。ルート弾き専門のベーシストにはちよつと浮かばないようなフレーズだね。これがこの曲の躍動感につながっていると思うね。ドラムスはAメロの部分は4分の頭を強調したパターン。サビでは2拍、4拍のスネアの部分をハイハット・オープンにして、強調している。いずれもパンチのきいたリズムに仕上がっている。平坦なリズムしか出せない人はこの辺のスタイルを学んでほしい。それと、この曲の注意点としては絶対もたらないこと。それと細かい部分での技として、Aの5～8小節目のボーカルのシンコペーションはスピード感を出すのに役買っているね。

Intro

VOCAL N.C.

Rubato

GUITAR I

(2f. capo)

GUITAR II

(2f. capo)

BASS

DRUMS

V.C.

Em

[A] 8

Em

1. 4.) I see a red door and I
 2.) I see a line of cars and
 3.) I look in - side my - self and

B

Em

B

want it pain - ted black
 they're all pain - ted black
 see my heart is black

No co - lours a - ny - more, I want then to turn
 With flo - wers and my love both ne - ver to come
 I see my red door, and I had it pain - ted

[B]

B Em D G D Em

black — I see the girls go by — dressed in — their su — mmer clothes —
 black — I see people turn their heads and — qui — ckly look — a — way —
 black — Maybe then I'll fade a — way — and not have to fa — ce the facts —

[C]

Em D G D A B to (3 times) Em

I have to turn my head un — til — my dar — kness goes —
 Like a new — born baby it just hap — pens e — very day — No more will
 (It's) not ea — sy fa — cling up — when your whole world — is black —

The musical score for "The Sun Shines Bright" is presented in five systems. The first system shows the vocal melody in treble clef with lyrics "ha - ppe - ning to you" and "If I took hard en-ough in - to the set - ting sun." Chord symbols B, Em, D, G, D, and Em are placed above the staff. The second system includes guitar accompaniment with a treble staff and a tablature staff below it. The third system shows a guitar solo with a treble staff and a tablature staff. The fourth system features a bass line in bass clef. The fifth system shows a final guitar accompaniment line in bass clef. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time.

Em D G D A B

My love will laugh with me — be — fore — the mor — ning comes —

D.S.

Coda

E

Em

B

Em

Em B F Em

The first system of the musical score consists of a melody line in the treble clef and a detailed fretboard diagram below it. The melody line includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/4. The fretboard diagram shows the positions of the fingers for each note, with a 4-measure repeat sign at the end of the system.

B Em B

The second system of the musical score continues the melody line and the fretboard diagram. It includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/4. The fretboard diagram shows the positions of the fingers for each note, with a 4-measure repeat sign at the end of the system.

[illegible]

9: z z z z z

[illegible]

Musical notation for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree'. The staff is a single line with a bass clef. It contains four measures, each with a single note: G2, E2, D2, and C2. The notes are marked with a 'Z' above them.

[H]

3-

B

paint it paint it paint it black yeah

Em

B

S

S

4.

4.

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. The score is arranged in four staves, with the top staff being the guitar part, the second staff being the vocal part, the third staff being the bass part, and the fourth staff being the drum part. The guitar part is written in E major (Em) and features a complex, melodic line with many triplets and sixteenth notes. The vocal part is written in E major and features a simple, melodic line. The bass part is written in E major and features a simple, melodic line. The drum part is written in E major and features a simple, melodic line. The score is for a 12-string guitar, as indicated by the "12" in the top left corner. The key signature is E major, and the time signature is 4/4. The score is for the first system of the song, which is 12 measures long. The guitar part is written in E major and features a complex, melodic line with many triplets and sixteenth notes. The vocal part is written in E major and features a simple, melodic line. The bass part is written in E major and features a simple, melodic line. The drum part is written in E major and features a simple, melodic line.

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. The score is written for guitar and bass. The guitar part is in the treble clef, and the bass part is in the bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains measures 1 through 8, and the second system contains measures 9 through 12. The guitar part features a melodic line in the first system and a complex, multi-measure rest in the second system. The bass part provides a steady, rhythmic accompaniment throughout. The score is labeled with "Em" and "B" above the first and second systems, respectively, indicating the chords used. The guitar part is marked with "T" for treble and "B" for bass, and the bass part is marked with "T" for treble and "B" for bass. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and bar lines clearly visible.

(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION

サティスファクション

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

おそらくこの曲はリフから作っていったのではないかと思われるほど、印象的なリフの曲。このリフはサビ(◎)のパターンのパッキングとなっているが、同時にイントロにもなっている。ギターのフレーズとして注目されがちであるが、実はこれ、ベースとギターのハーモニーを足してはじめてリフになるのである。この4度のハーモニーはやはり日本人では考えつかないもの。ギターのトーンは当時のファズ・トーンというもの。現在のディスティションのアタックの音を少しけずってやれば感じが出ると思う。

あとヒマな人がいれば、3、4拍目にタタタンとはいはるタンバリンを入れてくれるとありがたいね。[A]からのギターはリバーブを深めにかけたギター。これで[A]と◎の違いがはつきり出るわけ。リズム隊は、ベースがギターのリフとともに歩めば、ドラムスはタイトにきぎむ。どちらかといえば前のめりにリズムを出した方がいいね。当時では珍しくバス・ドラム4拍リズムだからね。リズムの裏はベースにまかせて、4拍の表のリズムを表現することに力を入れよう。

36

Intro

VOCAL N.C.

E D (3 times) E

I can't

GUITAR

L Fuzz →

BASS

DRUMS

A E

get no sa - ti - s - fa - c - tio - n I can't ge - t no

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A B E B E

sa - ti - s - fa - c - tion Cause I've tried and I've tried and I've tried and I've tried
 (3x) girl with a - c - tion

The first system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is the vocal line in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It contains four measures of music with lyrics. The second staff is the guitar line, also in treble clef, with fret numbers written below the notes. The third staff is the bass line in bass clef. The system is divided into two measures by a double bar line. The first measure contains the first two measures of the vocal line, and the second measure contains the last two measures.

A E D E D

I can't get no I can't get no When I'm When I'm When I'm

The second system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is the vocal line in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps. It contains four measures of music with lyrics. The second staff is the guitar line, also in treble clef, with fret numbers and a 'Fuzz' effect indicated. The third staff is the bass line in bass clef. The system is divided into two measures by a double bar line. The first measure contains the first two measures of the vocal line, and the second measure contains the last two measures.

C E D E D E

dri - vi - n' in my car and a man co - mes on the ra - di - o He's te - llin' me more and more
 wat - chin' my T V and a man co - mes on and te - lls me "How white my shirts can be
 ri - din' round the world and I'm do - in' this and I'm si - gnin' that and I'm tryin' to make some girl

The third system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is the vocal line in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps. It contains four measures of music with lyrics. The second staff is the guitar line, also in treble clef, with fret numbers. The third staff is the bass line in bass clef. The system is divided into two measures by a double bar line. The first measure contains the first two measures of the vocal line, and the second measure contains the last two measures.

a - bout so - me use - less in - for - ma - tion Sup - posed to fire my i - ma - gi - na - tion
 But he (ah) can't be a man 'cause he doe - s - n't smoke the same ci - ga - retts as me I can't
 see tell me (ah) "Baby better come back, may - be next week" Can't you see I'm on a - lo - sing streak

get no Ah no no no Hey hey hey

that's what I say I can't get no

D E D E D
 I can't get no I can't get no Sa-ti - s -

E D E D E
 - fac - tion no sa-ti - s - fac - tion no sa-ti - s - fac - tion

D E D E D

GET OFF OF MY CLOUD

一人ぼっちの世界

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

ジagger & リチャードのコンポーザー・コンビは、詩、メロディに巧み、あるいはそれより早く、リフやバックギング・パターンを考えていたようだ。曲の構成も、ビートルズのように3部形式にならないで、自然にノリだけで押し切れるシンプルな2部形式を得意としている。この曲もE/A、B/Aという2小節コード・パターンを中心として曲を作っている。こういう方法での曲作りというのは日本の音楽界、特にボーカル・インストゥルメント部門ではなかなかないので、この譜面集から大いに学んでほしい。さてそんなわけで、この曲はすべての楽器に関して小じんまりと

せずに荒さを残した演奏を基本としよう。特にドラムスはワイルドにしよう。Aのドラムスは、3小節目のスネアの位置を見ると、はっきり言ってシェイクに近いものだが、それでOK。フィル・インもF#mの2拍フレーズでゴリ押しする。このAのパターンと逆にBのサビ部分は4分を強調してもたり気味に叩く。ここはボーカルがメチャクチャ突っ込んでいいるからね。この辺のフォロ一の仕方はライブを長く続けていないとなかなか出せないが、できるだけストーンズに迫ろう。

40

Intro E A B A E A

(Hey)

VOCAL N.C.

GUITAR

BASS

DRUMS

B A [A] E 3 A 3 B 3 A 3 E A B A

I live on an apart-ment on the nin-ty ninth floor of my b-lock And I
tele-phon- is ringin' I say "Hi, it's me, who is it there on the ti-ne? A
sick and tired, fed up with this and de-cried to take a drive down town It was so

E A B A E A B A

sit at home — loo-kin' out — the win-dow — and ima - gin in the world — has s - to-pped
 voice says "Hi hello how — are you? Well I guess I am — do — in' fine —
 — very quiet and peace - full, there was nobody —, not a soul — a - round —

Ther
 He says, "It's
 I

E A B A E A B A

in flies — a guy — all dres - sed up like a U-ni-on — Jack —
 three a. m. there's too much noise Don't you people ever want to go — to — bed —
 laid my — self down, I was so tired — and I star - ted to —

And says I've
 Just cause
 In the

E A B A E A B A

— won five pounds — if I have this kind of de - ter - gen - t pa - ck
 you feel — so good, do you have — to drive — me out of my head —
 mornin' the per - king tickets were just — like flags — stuck on my wind — screen —

I said

[B.]

you, get off of my cloud, Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud, Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud,

Don't hang a-round, 'cause two-'s a crowd on my cloud. ba-by The Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud

I was

Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud Don't hang a-round baby two-'s a crowd on my cloud.

Repeat & Fade Out

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

は、かなりひずんだサウンズになって、る。これはファズなどのエフェクターをかけたものだが、サンプスのサウンドのようにも聴こえる。フレーズもシンプルなものなので、シンセなどで代用してもよいだろう。ベースは、シンプルにリズムのラインをプレイしているが、④の部分では「」のフレーズが違っているので注意してもらいたい。この③ではこの④、⑤の部分でシタールのサウンドが入れられて、る。楽譜では省略させてもらったが、単純にBの音を弾いているものであり、シンセなどで工夫してみても面白いだろう。

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44

Vocal: *S* *E on B* *B* *E* *B E* *B E*
E - vry-where I hear
Think the time

Other: — — — — —

Guitar I: *(G)* *(ConG)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)*

Guitar II: — — — — —

Bass: *2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2* *%* *%* *2x* *2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2*

Drums: *x x x x x x x x* *x x x x x x x x* *x x x x x x x x* *x x x x x x x x*

Vocal: *E* *B E* *B E* *B E* *B E* *B*
the sound of march - ing, charg - ing feet
is right for (a) pa - lace re - vo lu - tion
Said my name is called dis - tur - bance

Other: — — — — —

Guitar I: *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)*

Guitar II: — — — — —

Bass: *%* *%* *%* *2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2* *2 2 1 2*

Drums: *%* *%* *%* *x x x x x x x x* *%*

Vocal

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

'Cause sum - mer's here and the time
But where I live the game
I'll shout and scream I'll kill

gre for fight -
is com -
I'll rail

(Con G) (G) (C) (G) (C) (G) (C) (G) (C)

Vocal

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

ing in the street
pro at miss all his so - lu - tion vants

But Well, then what
Well, what

(C) (G) (C) (G) (C) (G) (Con G) (G)

Vocal F# Bon F# F#

— can (a) poor — boy do — Except to sing — for (a) rock'n' - roll band

Other

Guitar I (D) (Gon D) (D)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

46

Vocal F# Bon F# F#

— 'Cause in slee - py Lon - don town — There's just no place

Other

Guitar I (D) (Gon D) (D)

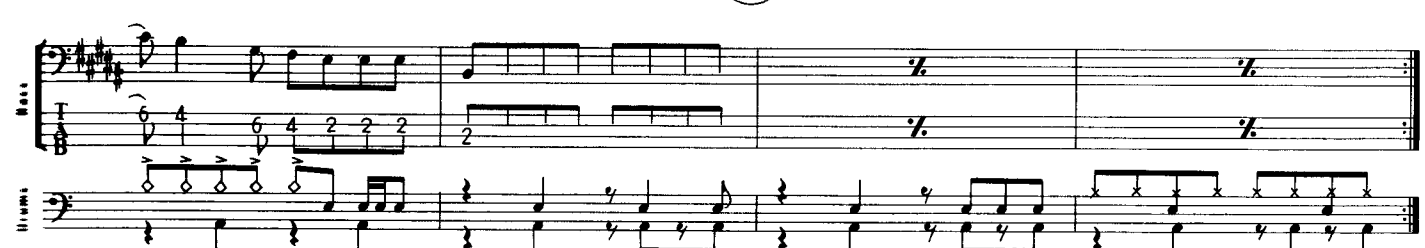
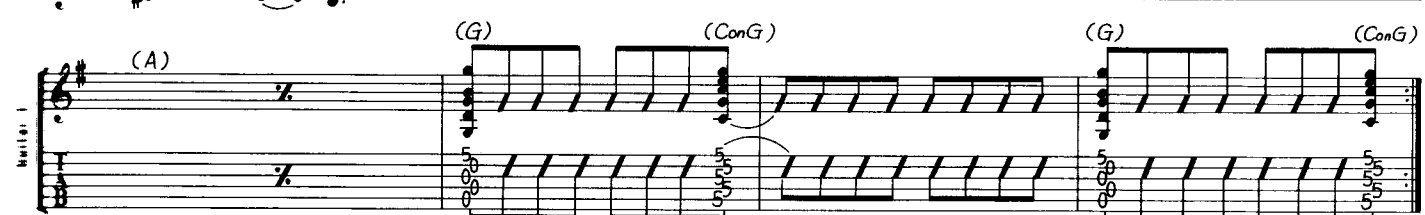
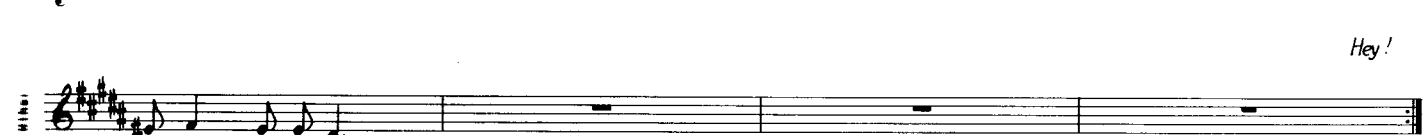
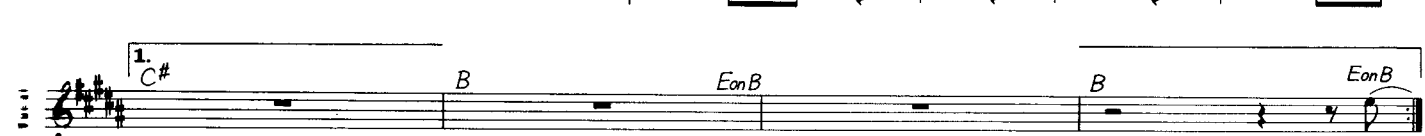
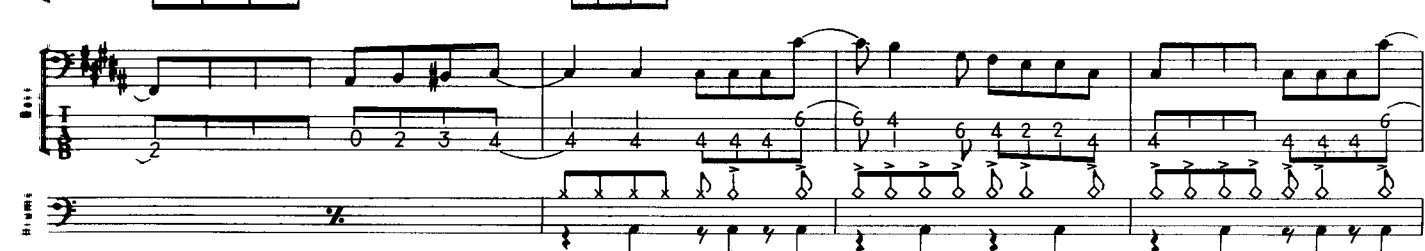
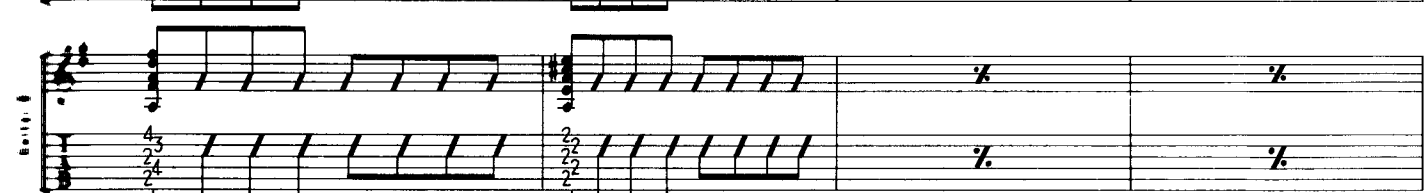
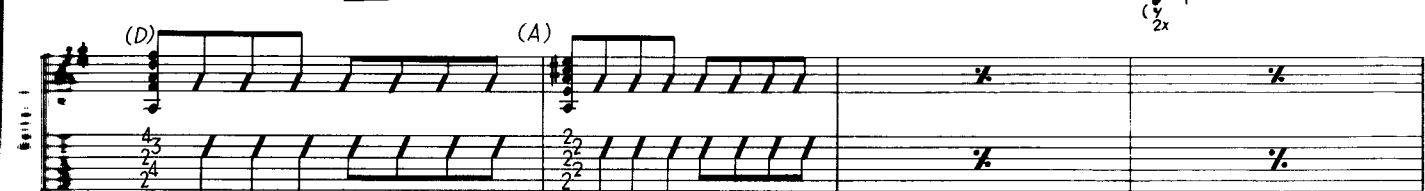
Guitar II

Bass

Drums



— for street fighting man ————— No —————



2.
C#

Vocal

Other

Guitar I (A)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

C#

Vocal

Other

Guitar I (A) (G) (Con G) (G) (Con G)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Ya - can, Hey!

D.S.

◆Coda

The musical score for the Coda section consists of several staves. The top staff is a vocal line with lyrics "Ya - got" and notes corresponding to the chords C#, D B, E on B, and F#. Below this are two guitar staves. The first guitar staff shows chords (A), (G), (Con G), and (D) with specific fingerings. The second guitar staff shows chords C, C, and C with fingerings. The bottom staff is a bass line with notes and fingerings. The final staff shows chords Bon F#, C#, F# on C#, and C# with fingerings. The score concludes with a double bar line.

Chords and Fingerings:

- Vocal: C#, D B, E on B, F#
- Guitar I: (A), (G), (Con G), (D)
- Guitar II: C, C, C
- Bass: 6 4 6 4 2, 2, 4
- Final: Bon F#, C#, F# on C#, C#

50

Vocal: F#onC# C# F#onC# C#

Other: [Musical notation]

Guitar I: (Don A) (A) (Don A) (A)

Guitar II: [Musical notation]

Bass: [Musical notation]

Drums: [Musical notation]

Vocal: F#onC# C# F#onC# C#

Other: [Musical notation]

Guitar I: (Don A) (A) (Don A) (A)

Guitar II: [Musical notation]

Bass: [Musical notation]

Drums: [Musical notation]

First system of musical notation. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#).

- Vocal:** Four measures with notes labeled $F^{\#}_{on} C^{\#}$, $C^{\#}$, $F^{\#}_{on} C^{\#}$, and $C^{\#}$.
- Other:** A melodic line with eighth notes, ending with a triplet of eighth notes.
- Harmonization:**
 - Harmon. I:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled (Don A) and (A).
 - Harmon. II:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled 6 and 7.
- Bass:** A line with notes and fingerings (6, 4, 2, 2, 4).
- Drums:** A line with a rhythmic pattern indicated by a % symbol.

Second system of musical notation. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#).

- Vocal:** Four measures with notes labeled $F^{\#}_{on} C^{\#}$, $C^{\#}$, $F^{\#}_{on} C^{\#}$, and $C^{\#}$.
- Other:** A melodic line with eighth notes, ending with a triplet of eighth notes.
- Harmonization:**
 - Harmon. I:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled (Don A) and (A).
 - Harmon. II:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled (Don A) and (A).
- Bass:** A line with notes and fingerings (6, 4, 2, 2, 4).
- Drums:** A line with a rhythmic pattern indicated by a % symbol.

JUMPIN' JACK FLASH

ジャンピン・ジャック・フラッシュ

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

ストーンズ独特の憂いのあるこの曲は、中期の最高傑作といわれる。メジャーの曲なのに、なぜかあまり明るく聴こえないという変わった雰囲気。ストーンズ自身もライブ・アルバムでは、もっとストレートに演奏している。その違いはアコースティックピアノ、オルガンの導入といった使用楽器の違いという大きな問題もあるが、この譜面上でいえば、 $\square$ メロのところはBのペダル・ベースとなっている事である。実際ストーンズのライブや、諸君が遊びでこの曲をプレイする事があると、必ずベースもギター・リフと同じ事をやりたくなるが、ここではそれはやらない。この事実は、前述のある種の憂いを出すための大きな理由となっている。全員でリフをプレイすると、どうしてもその色が強くなってしまふからね。 $\square$ のギター I は珍しくハイ・ノートでプレイし

ているが、パターンを作り、かつ裏メロとしての存在もアピールしている。この細い音は、リア・ピックアップを使用し、トーンもフルにしている音。この音が $\square$ の5小節目から出てくる。以上の2つのギターは、オブリガートの少ないこの曲においては重要な部分だ。イントロ、 $\square$ 、 $\square$ はベースの2小節パターンがメイン・フレーズ。これも $\square$ メロでのペダル・ベースがあつてこそその動きのあるフレーズといえる。 $\square$ の部分、つまり3番は、1番、2番と歌の長さが倍になっているので注意。これはよく間違えやすいんだよね。譜面の制約のないバンドらしいアレンジだ。プレイ上の難しいことは全くないので、いかにしてこのストーンズらしさを出すかが、練習の目標となるだろう。

52

E $\frac{A}{D}$ A B B

One Two!

53

A B

I was born _____ in a cross-
I was raised _____ by a tooth-

B

- fire hurri - cane
- less bear - ded hag

And I howled _____ in my ma - in the dri - ving rain -
I was shoaled _____ with a strap ____ a-cross ____ my back

54

B (Straight)

So it's all right now in fact it's a gas

8va →

B *D* *A* *E* 1x only *B* 1.

But it's all right I'm Jum-pin' Jack Flash it's a gas, gas, gas

2. *B*

gas, gas, gas Wh

B C B E $\frac{A}{D}$ A B E $\frac{A}{D}$ A

This system contains measures 1 through 5. The vocal line features lyrics: "to C B E A/D A B E A/D A". The guitar line shows various fret positions and techniques like bends and vibrato. The piano line includes chords and fingerings, with a double bar line at the end of measure 5. The bass line provides a rhythmic foundation with specific fret numbers.

56

B E $\frac{A}{D}$ A B E $\frac{A}{D}$ A B

This system contains measures 6 through 10. The vocal line continues with lyrics: "E A/D A B E A/D A B". The guitar line shows more complex fretting and techniques. The piano line includes chords and fingerings, with a double bar line at the end of measure 10. The bass line continues the rhythmic pattern with specific fret numbers.

D

B

B

57

B

B

I was drowned _____ was washed _____ up and left _____ for dead _____
 fell down _____ to my feet _____ and I saw _____ they bled _____
 _____, yeah, And I frowned _____ at the crumbs _____ of a crust _____ of bread _____
 _____, yeah, yeah, I was crowned _____ with a spike _____ right through _____ my head _____
 _____ Yeah _____
 _____ Yeah _____
 _____ Wow _____ wow yeah _____ But it's all _____

D.S.

Coda

The musical score is arranged in four systems, each with a vocal line and instrumental accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4.

- System 1:** The vocal line begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics "Jum-pin' Jack Flash" are written below the first measure. The instrumental parts include a guitar line with a treble clef and a bass line with a bass clef. The guitar line features a series of eighth notes and a final measure with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The bass line has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp.
- System 2:** The vocal line continues with the lyrics "it's a gas". The instrumental parts include a guitar line with a treble clef and a bass line with a bass clef. The guitar line features a series of eighth notes and a final measure with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The bass line has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp.
- System 3:** The vocal line continues with the lyrics "Jum-pin' Jack Flash". The instrumental parts include a guitar line with a treble clef and a bass line with a bass clef. The guitar line features a series of eighth notes and a final measure with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The bass line has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp.
- System 4:** The vocal line continues with the lyrics "Jum-pin' Jack Flash". The instrumental parts include a guitar line with a treble clef and a bass line with a bass clef. The guitar line features a series of eighth notes and a final measure with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The bass line has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp.

58

it's a gas ——— Jum-pin' Jack Flash ——— it's a gas ———

Repeat & Fade Out

HONKY TONK WOMEN

ホンキートンク・ウイメン

Songs & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

はつきりいって、この曲ができなければ、ロック・バンドとしては認められないほどポピュラーな曲。この曲もギター2本がうまくからみあって出来ている曲。キースは、6弦を取った5弦ギターのオープンGチューニング（1弦からDBGDG）。この曲からストーンズに参加したミック・テイラーはレギュラー・チューニングで、さすがにブルース的フィーリングを出している。まずギターIは、とにかくイントロのリフがキメ手。これがきまんなきゃ、曲が始まらないよ。四の前2小節のフィル・インもつかえないようにバッチリキメてくれ。あとは、譜面を参考にして、間の取り方（休符）を意識してくれればいい。要するにキースのバックিং・パターンを身につけてしまえば、もう楽勝だ。ノコードをすりきれるぐらいよく聴いてくれ。ミックのギターはこれまた対照的なサウンドで、ナチュラルなトーンでせまっている。フェンダー系ではちょっと出せない深みのある甘い音だね、

おそらくレスポールだと思う。まず重要なところはEの前2小節のフィル・イン。これもうまくきめないとサビには入れないからね。あとはやはりブルース・ギタリストらしく、ブルーノートを多用したフレーズが多い。ギタリストとしてはブルースは必須科目だから彼のプレイは要研究だ。Eのソロは、その好例だ。普通、ペンタトニックとブルーノート・スケールとは余り混ぜてフレーズ作りをしないものだが、このソロ（大半はメジャー・ペンタトニック・スケールだ）には、4・5小節目にブルースが含まれていて興味深い。ドラムス、ベースはとにかくすき間を大事にしよう。音数よりも、休符。サウンドにメリハリを付ける意味でプレイしよう。1番、2番のベースのない部分など非常に効果的だ。サビでベースが入ってくると、ぜんぜん変わってくる。この考え方はいろいろ応用できると思うよ。

59

VOCAL Intro N.C. G

GUITAR I

GUITAR II

BASS

DRUMS C=Cymbal

The musical score is written for five parts: Vocal, Guitar I, Guitar II, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The vocal part begins with an 'Intro N.C.' (No Chord) section. Guitar I has a solo section marked with a 'G' above the staff. Guitar II and Bass parts are shown with rests. The drums part includes a cymbal (C) and a snare drum (S) pattern, with a double bar line (//) indicating a repeat or end of section.

[illegible]

The musical score is for the song "The Lady Then She Covered Me With Rose". It is written for voice, guitar, and bass. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains the vocal melody and guitar accompaniment. The second system contains the bass line. The lyrics are written below the vocal melody.

Lyrics:

tried to take me up stairs - for a - cross her should-
 had to put up some - then she cov - ered me with ro

Instrumentation:

- Vocal Melody (Soprano)
- Guitar (Acoustic)
- Bass (Electric)

Notation:

- The vocal melody is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).
- The guitar accompaniment is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).
- The bass line is written on a single staff with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).
- The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals.
- The lyrics are written below the vocal melody.

[illegible][illegible]

Empty musical staves for Bass and Tenor. The Bass staff is on the left, marked with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The Tenor staff is on the right, marked with a tenor clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). Both staves are empty, with only the five-line structure and a few horizontal lines indicating the staff boundaries.

[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system contains the first two measures of the melody and the corresponding guitar tablature. The second system contains the next four measures. The melody is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The guitar tablature is written below the staff, with fret numbers indicated by numbers 0-12. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

1. G 2. G

I Blues Yeah! All right!

Musical notation for guitar and bass. The guitar part includes a melodic line with various techniques like bends (b), vibrato (v), and slides (s). The bass part provides a steady accompaniment with triplets and eighth notes. The score includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C).

62

C G A D

Musical notation for guitar and bass. The guitar part continues with complex melodic patterns and techniques like harmonics (Harm.) and slides (s). The bass part continues with a steady accompaniment. The score includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C).

The musical score for "The Rose Tree" is presented in two systems. The first system includes a guitar part with a melody and chords (G, C, G, D), a mandolin part with a complex rhythmic pattern, and a bass part with a simple melody. The second system continues the melody and includes a guitar, mandolin, and bass part. The score is in G major and 3/4 time.

The image displays a musical score for the song "Honky-Tonk Women" by Hank Williams. The score is arranged for guitar, piano, and voice. The guitar part is written on a single staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. It includes a variety of musical notations, including chords (G, D, C), scales, and specific fret numbers (e.g., 12, 14, 15, 17) indicating fingerings. The piano part is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and includes chords and fingerings. The vocal part is written on a single staff and includes the lyrics "It's a Hon - - - - - ky tonk wo-men". The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the overall structure is organized into systems. The guitar part features a prominent melodic line in the upper register, while the piano part provides harmonic support with chords and a steady rhythm. The vocal part is a simple melody that follows the lyrics.

GIMMIE SHELTER

ギミー・シェルター

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

のちに数々の人に取り上げられたナンバーで、ロックのスタンダード的な存在の曲だ。この曲のメインはなんといってもギターである。イントロから出てくるギターIIは異様なサウンドだ。なんとアンプのトレモロをかけているのだ。リバーブもアンプに付いているやつ。現在ではアンプにトレモロの付いている機種はあまりないので、代用の方法を教えよう。コーラスのデブスを深めにとり、スピードをアップすると似た感じになるよ。リバーブは安価でデジタル・リバーブが手にはいるから、これを使用しよう。あとは自分の耳で近い音を探してみよう。このイントロはぜひともうまく表現してもらいたい。次にギターIだが、これも面白い。ほとんどオブリガートに徹しているのだが、回からはエンディングまで弾きまくっている。といっても、音の選び方はかなりのワンパターン。音の幅も1オクターブ内外におさまっていて、ハイ・

ノートで盛り上がるという感じもない。だからここではニュアンスをうまくくみ取ってもらいたい。チョーキングや休符をうまく使って独特のねばっこさを土している。決して目立たないけど、ボーカルのバックで渋いフリーズを弾いている。とくにチョーキングは大事にやってほしいね。回からの女性ボーカルは、メリー・クレイトンが登場している。音が高いので男性はファルセットで出すしかないね。回からはハーモニーもあるので、このパートはぜひ取り入れてほしい。ドラムス、ベースはシンプルなノリを出している。回(4)の4小節前まではベースはon C#のペダル・ベースとなっていて、回(4)の4小節前ではじめてC#→B→Aと下がるラインを弾いている。ドラムは回(4)の前1小節のフィル・インが肝。このパターンがあと数ヶ所はいるが、力を込めるあまりはしないように注意。

Intro

VOCAL C# B A C# B

Ooh Ooh

GUITAR I

8va→

GUITAR II

BASS

DRUMS

Simile ~

A C# B A
 Ooh _____ Ooh Ooh Ooh _____

C# B A C# B
 Ooh Ooh Ooh _____ Ooh Ooh

A C# B A E A E A E B B

Ooh

A C# 2nd times Chorus

Oh _____ a storm is threat- ning _____ my _____ very _____ life _____ to-day _____, If I _____ don't _____
 Ooh _____ see _____ the fire is swee - pin' our _____ very _____ streets _____ to-day _____, Burn _____ like a red _____

C# *2nd times Chorus* *B* *C#* *B*

get some shel - ter, Oh yeah I'm gon-na fade a-way, War, chi - ld - ren,
 coal car - pet, Mad bull lost it's way,

A *E A E A E B E B* *C#* *B*

It's just a shot a - way, It's just a shot a - way, War, chi - ld - ren,

The sheet music is for the song "It's Just a Shot Away" by The Police. It is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The page includes a vocal line, a guitar line, and a bass line.

Vocal Line:

It's just a shot a-way —, It's just a shot a-way —, yeah —

Guitar Line:

The guitar line is written for a guitar with a capo on the 2nd fret. It includes a variety of chord voicings and a solo section. The chords are labeled with letters A, E, B, C, and D, and some are marked with "h.c" (half note chord) or "u" (unison). The solo section is marked with "1." and "C#".

Bass Line:

The bass line is a simple, rhythmic accompaniment. It is written in G major and 4/4 time. The bass line is marked with "4." and "///" at the beginning of the first measure.

2.
C#

yeah _____

C H C D

T A B

T A B

T A B

T A B

Handwritten musical score for guitar, featuring a melody line, a guitar tablature line, and a bass line. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings, along with a key signature change to D major (two sharps) in the final measure.

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in five systems. The first system shows the key signature of D major (two sharps) and the time signature of 2/4. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the accompaniment is in the bass clef. The second system continues the melody and accompaniment, with the melody featuring a series of eighth notes. The third system shows the melody and accompaniment, with the melody featuring a series of eighth notes. The fourth system shows the melody and accompaniment, with the melody featuring a series of eighth notes. The fifth system shows the melody and accompaniment, with the melody featuring a series of eighth notes. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and bar lines clearly visible. The key signature and time signature are indicated at the beginning of the first system. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the accompaniment is in the bass clef. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and bar lines clearly visible.

E A E A E B E B C# B A E A E A E B E B

it's just a shot a-way, Rape mur - der, yeah it's just a shot a-way it's just a shot a-way,

C# B A E A E A E B E B C#

Rape mur - der, (Wow) it's just a shot a-way, it's just a shot a-way, yeah yeah yeah

The musical score for "The Flood" by The Beatles is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff is the vocal line, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The lyrics "yeah" and "Mm, the flood is threaten - ing" are written below the notes. The second staff is a guitar part, also in treble clef, with a key signature of two sharps. It includes a capo position of 11 and a key signature change to E major. The third staff is a guitar part in bass clef, with a key signature of two sharps. The fourth staff is a bass line in bass clef, with a key signature of two sharps. The fifth staff is a guitar part in bass clef, with a key signature of two sharps. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

my very life to-day Gi-mme gi-mme shel-ter or I'm gon-na

f *32* a - way _____ War _____, chi - ld - ren _____, It's just a shot a - way _____, *B* *A*

First system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Second system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Third system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Fourth system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Fifth system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Sixth system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Seventh system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Eighth system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

The musical score for "Kiss a Way" by The Beatles is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff is the vocal melody in G major (one sharp), with lyrics: "love _____, sister _____, it's just a kiss a-way __, it's just a kiss a-way __, it's just a kiss a-way __". Above the staff are chord symbols: F, C#, B, A, E A E A E B E B, and C#. The second staff is the guitar part, showing a mix of standard notation and tablature. The third staff is the bass part, also using standard notation and tablature. The fourth staff is the drum part, indicated by a double bar line and a drumstick icon. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the overall structure is a 12-measure phrase.

B A E A E A E B E B C# B
 it's just a kiss a-way —, it's just a kiss a-way, kiss a-way —, kiss a-way —, yeah ————
 C C C C C U h U C U h U
 4. 4. 4. 4.
 4. 4. 4. 4.
 4. 4. 4. 4.

[illegible]

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" featuring guitar, mandolin, and bass. The score includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The guitar part has a melody with various chords (C#, B, A, E, A, E, B, E, B, C#) and includes a solo section with a 4-measure rest. The mandolin and bass parts provide harmonic support with various chords and a steady bass line.

LET IT BLEED

レット・イット・ブリード

Songs & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

当時('69年)はまだそんな言葉は一般的でなかったと思うが、今で言う「レイド・バック・スタイル」という表現がピッタリの曲だ。意識的にダルなリズムを刻むドラムスとアコースティック・ギター、それに輪をかけたようにレイジーに唄うミックのヴォーカル、そしてトドメはミック・テイラーのスライド・ギターにより、ともかくノンビリとしたムードに仕上がっている。もちろんこの雰囲気は非常に大切なのだが、これをコピーしてプレイする場合、あまりそれを意識しない方がいいだろう。ヘタをするとんでもないドラケた演奏になってしまう恐れがある。

で、譜面では一部しかフォローできなかったアコースティック・ギターだが、これはカポタストを3フレットにはめて、Aメジャー・キーで弾く。やたらとハデなストロークにしないで、タッチの変化をうまくつけてプレイしよう。一方エレキ・ギターの方

はスライド・プレイ用の変則チューニングと思われ、タブ譜のポジションもそのチューニングによるものを示しているので注意してほしい。1弦から順にE・C・G・E・C・Eというオープン"C"チューニングに合わせよう。当然スライド・プレイにはある程度の慣れが必要だが、音程等あまり神経質になり過ぎるのも考えもの。まずやってみることが大切なのだ。また、バックিং・サウンドの中心はピアノで、リラックスした中にもアクセントのはっきりした弾き方にして、くれぐれもテンポが遅くなり過ぎないように弾こう。これはベースとドラムスも同様で、決してシマリのないサウンドやリズムになってしまってはいけない。また、ベースはそれなりにラインを作ったプレイなので、あまりこれを崩してしまうのは得策ではないだろう。

Intro

VOCAL C F G

Guitar II Aco. 3f capo

PIANO

BASS

DRUMS

Well we all _____ need some - - one we can le - an on _____ And if you
 _____ need some - one we can dre - am on _____ And if you

want it baby Well you can lean on me Well you can dream on me Well we all need some Well we all need some

C *G* *C*

- one we can le - an on — And if you want it Well you can lean on me —
 - one we can dre - am on — Yeah And if you want to Well you can dream on me —

P *P*

H *H*

[B] *E* *F* *G*

She said my breast - s They will all ways — be o - -pen — Ba - by — you can rest — your wea-ry
 I was dream-ing — of a steel — guitar — en-ga - ge-ment when you — drink my health — in Scen -

vib. *vib.*

was right on me — And they're will al-ways — be a space — in my park - ing lot
 - "as" "as" tea But — you — knife - d me in my dir - ty fil - thy base - ment —

when you need — a lit-tle coke and — crim - pa-ty — Well we all —
 with that jadd - ed fad - ed jun - ky nurse Oh — o'za -

2. C

G C F

- sant com-pa-ny ha God! We all need some - one we can feel on

Vib.

Vib.

H

H

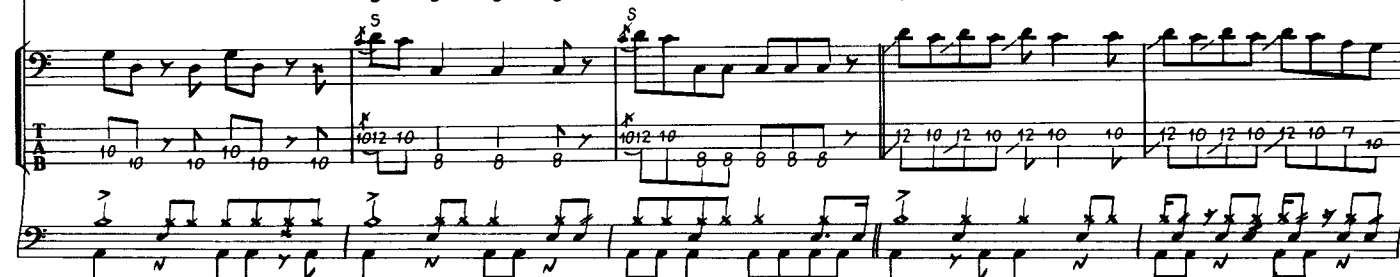
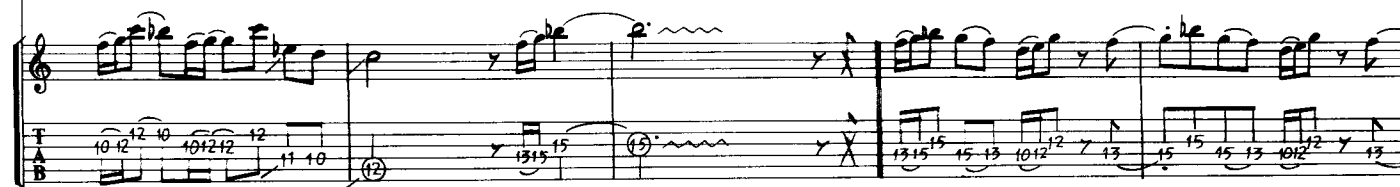
Yeah ___ and if you want it we'll you can feed on me ___ hey ___



Take my leg Oh ba-by don't you take me head



Ho 'ea- we'll we a' need some - one we can b -



F *G* *C*

- feed on _____ ha Yeah _____ and if you want it ba - by Well you can bleed on me _____ Yeah _____

The first system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is a vocal line in treble clef with lyrics: "- feed on _____ ha Yeah _____ and if you want it ba - by Well you can bleed on me _____ Yeah _____". Above the staff are chord markings *F*, *G*, and *C*. The middle staff is a guitar line in treble clef with fret numbers: 15, 15, 13, 10, 12, 0, 13, 15, 0, 10, 12, 10, 12, 12, 12, 10, 12, 10, 12, 12, 14, 11, 12. The bottom staff is a piano accompaniment in grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with various chords and melodic lines.

F

_____ well we all _____ need some - one we can b - feed on _____ Yeah _____ yeah _____ and if you _____

The second system of the musical score continues the composition. It features a vocal line with lyrics: "_____ well we all _____ need some - one we can b - feed on _____ Yeah _____ yeah _____ and if you _____". A chord marking *F* is present above the staff. The guitar line continues with fret numbers: 10, 12, 10, 12, 10, 12, 10, 12, 10, 12, 11, 10, 12, 10, 12, 11, 10, 9, 10, 9, 10, 11, 10, 11, 11, 16. The piano accompaniment continues with chords and melodic lines in the grand staff.

Handwritten musical score for guitar, featuring a treble and bass staff with various musical notations including chords, scales, and fingerings.

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. The score is written for guitar, piano, and vocal parts. The guitar part is in the key of D major and 4/4 time, featuring a complex arrangement of chords and melodic lines. The piano part provides harmonic support with chords and arpeggios. The vocal parts are written for two voices, with lyrics in English. The score includes various musical notations such as treble and bass clefs, time signatures, key signatures, and dynamic markings like "C" (Crescendo) and "F" (Forte). The lyrics "Hello darkness, my old friend" are visible at the bottom of the page.

The musical score is arranged in four systems. The first system includes a guitar part with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature. The vocal line begins with the lyrics "Get it on rider," followed by a long note "Ho" and then "Get it on rider,". The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note bass line and a more complex treble line with various chords and melodic fragments. The second system continues the vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The third system shows the vocal line ending with a final note, while the piano accompaniment continues with a series of chords and a descending melodic line. The fourth system concludes the piece with a final chord and a short melodic flourish.

Handwritten musical score for "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. The score includes vocal lines for Tenor (T) and Alto (A), guitar (G), and bass (B). The lyrics are: "You could see an o-ver me Yeah See it on ri-der, no". The music is in G major and 4/4 time. The guitar part features complex fingerings and a prominent arpeggiated pattern. The bass part has a steady eighth-note rhythm. The vocal lines are simple and melodic.

Set it on — ri — der, yeah — You can be my ri — der, You can come a long — with me an —

— Get it on — ri — der ba — by, Get it on — ri — der,

You can come a long — with me — Yeah ya ya — ya ya ho Yeah —

(8va)

(8va)

S

F G C
 come on come on come on Let it on — ri — der, Let — it come a-long — with me. — Yeah — yeah — yeah yeah —

H P

S

S H

Fade Out

SYMPATHY FOR THE DEVIL

悪魔を憐れむ歌

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

この曲のオリジナル・ヴァージョン（アルバム『ペガーズ・バケット』）は、全編ピアノによるバックイングで、キーもE♭と難しいが、ここではギター主体のアグレッシブな演奏が聴ける。キース・リチャードとミック・テイラー、この2人のスタイルの違いを大いに参考になるだろう。特に、後半にあるミック・テイラーのギター・ソロは、ロック・ギターの名演奏の1つにあげられるほど素晴らしいものだ。キース・リチャードも、この曲ではノーブルなチューニングで弾いている。イントロや歌のバックでは、ミック・テイラーはロー・コードでシンプルなバックを行い、キースはハンマリングを使った2音のパターンを弾いている。両

者とも、ハンバッキング・ピックアップをつけたギターを使っており、ナチュラルなディストーションのきいたサウンドでプレイしている。時々フィード・バック音も効果的に使っており、このサウンドを再現するために、オーバー・ドライブなどのアタッチメントを使ってみてもよいだろう。この曲のベースとドラムのポイントは、やはりノリだ。ドラムのスネアやバスドラのパターンは、ほとんど同じものを叩き続けている。安定したビートをキープすると同時に、ベースとともにドライブ感のある演奏を心がけたい。

Intro

90

Vocal

E D A E

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

E D A E

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

[A] *E* *D* *A*

Please a - llow me _____ to in - tro - duce _____ my - self Well I'm a man _____ of wealth and taste

Music 1

Music 2

Bass

Drums

E *D*

_____ I've been a - round _____ for long, _____ long years _____ staten

Music 1

Music 2

Bass

Drums

Vocal

A *E*

ma-ry a man's _____ soul (and) faith _____ I was round _____ when

Guitar I

p *H*

Guitar II

4 *4*

Bass

7 7 5 5 0 5 5 4 7 5 *7 7 7 7 7 7 6 9 9 7 9* *7 7 7 7 7 7 7*

Drums

% *%* *%*

92

Vocal

D *A* *E*

Je - sus _____ Christ _____ had His mo - ment of doubt and pain _____

Guitar I

4 *4*

Guitar II

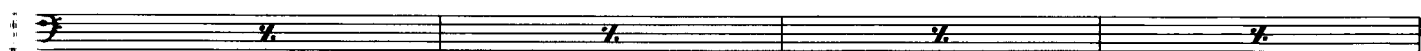
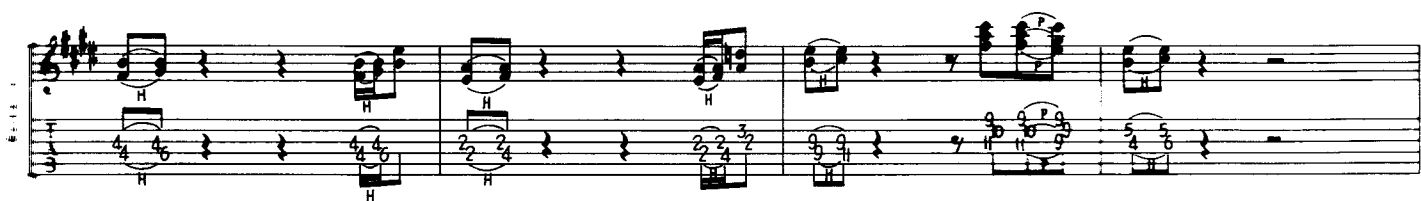
4 *4*

Bass

5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 5 5 4 7 5 *7 7 7 7 7 7 6 7 6 5*

Drums

% *%* *%*



1. 2. 3. Pleased to meet _ you, and I hope you guess _ my name Ah



Vocal

But what is puzz - ing — you — is just the na - ture of — my — game Oh, yeah,

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

I stuck a - round — St. Pe - ters - burg — When I
I watched with glee — while your kings and queens — fought for

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

A **E**

saw it was the time _____ for the change _____ killed the Tzar _____ and his
 ten de-cades _____ ah, for the God they made _____ I shout-ed out _____ who killed the Ke-

Violin I

Violin II

Bass

Drum

D **A** **E**

mi - ni - sters _____ A - ne - stasia _____ screamed in vain _____
 - ne-dys? _____ and, when _____ af - ter all _____ it was _____ you and me, _____ ah, ma-lla,

Violin I

Violin II

Bass

Drum

Vocal

E *D* *A*

I rade a tank _____ held a ge - nerat's rank, _____ and, When the blitz - krieg raged _____ and the bc-
 ah, let me please _____ in - tro - duce my - self Well I'm a man _____ of wealth _____ and

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

96

Vocal

E *D*

1. *E* *D*

- dies stank _____ Oh, yeah, _____
 taste Yeah, and I _____ ah, sar, _____

I lay traps _____ for trou - ba - dors, _____ ah, who get

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Musical score for "The Bomb" by The Police. The score is written for voice and guitar. The key signature is D major (two sharps). The tempo is marked "Allegro". The lyrics are: "killed be-fore they reach Bom - bay ah, ah b". The score includes vocal lines and guitar accompaniment with various musical notations such as chords, scales, and dynamics.

The musical score for 'Coda' by The Beatles is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff is for guitar, featuring a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It includes a 'Coda' symbol at the beginning and a 'D' time signature. The guitar part consists of a series of chords: D, E, A, and E. The second staff is for bass, featuring a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It includes a 'D' time signature and a 'B' time signature. The bass part consists of a series of chords: D, E, A, and E. The third staff is for drums, featuring a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. It includes a 'D' time signature and a 'B' time signature. The drum part consists of a series of chords: D, E, A, and E. The fourth staff is for guitar, featuring a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It includes a 'D' time signature and a 'B' time signature. The guitar part consists of a series of chords: D, E, A, and E. The fifth staff is for bass, featuring a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. It includes a 'D' time signature and a 'B' time signature. The bass part consists of a series of chords: D, E, A, and E. The sixth staff is for drums, featuring a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. It includes a 'D' time signature and a 'B' time signature. The drum part consists of a series of chords: D, E, A, and E.

Vocal *E D A E*

Guitar I *Feed Back*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

98

Vocal *E C A E*

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Lead

E D A E

9 8 7 9 8 9 8 9 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 8 10 8 8 9 7 9 8 9 7

4

4

5 5 5 0 5 5 4 5 4 5 5 5 5 0 5 5 4 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 6 7 6 5

7 7 7 7 7 7 6 7 6 5

Lead

E D A E

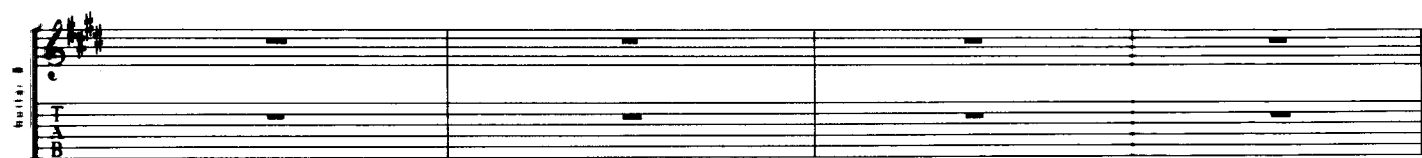
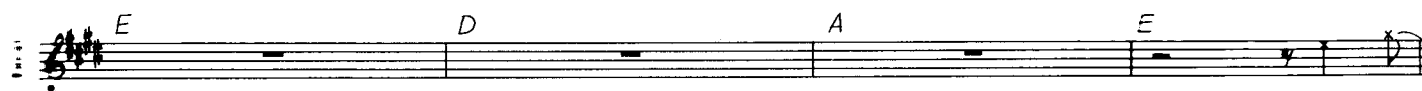
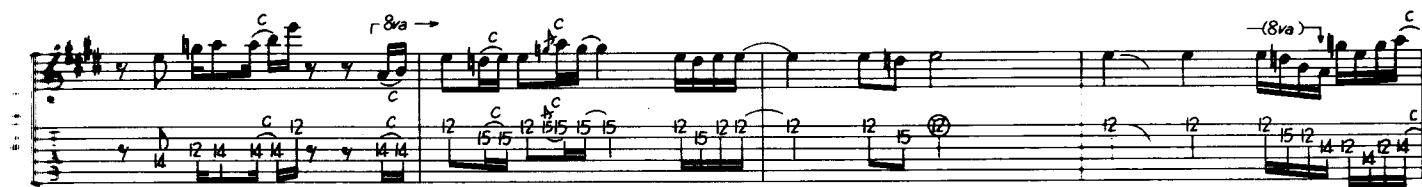
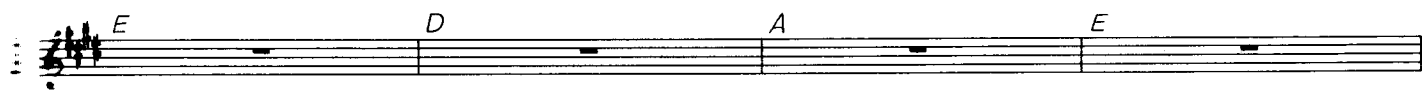
9 9 8 9 10 10 8 9 9 10 10 10 10 8 8 9 10 8 9 9 8 9 10 10 10 10 8 9 10 10 10 10 8

4

4

7 7 7 7 7 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

7 7 7 7 7 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9



Vocal

E **E** **D** **A** **E**

oh, yeah, oh, — yeah, oh come on now — Tell me ba-

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

102

Vocal

E **D** **A**

- by what's my name — Tell me sweet heart oh, what's my name

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal: *E* _____ *D* _____ *8va* → *A* _____
 Oh, yeah, _____ Oh, yeah, _____ Oh, hoo _____ Oh, hoo _____

Guitar I: [Fingerings: 10 11 9 11 9 9, 8 9 7 7 8 7, 3 4 2 2 3 2, 2 2]
 Guitar II: [Fingerings: 12 12 9 9 9, 9 9 11 9 11, 13 12 12 12 13 11, 9 9 11 9]
 Bass: [Fingerings: 7 7 7 7, 7 7 7 7, 5 5 5 5, 5 5 5 5, 5 5 5 0, 5 4 0 1]
 Drums: [Fingerings: 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2]

Feed Back

Vocal: *E* _____ *(8va)* → _____ *D* _____ *A* _____
 Oh hoo yeah

Guitar I: [Fingerings: 10 11 9 11 9 9, 10 11 9 11 9 9, 8 9 7 7 8 7, 3 4 2 2 3 2]
 Guitar II: [Fingerings: 7 9 8 10, 8 9 8 9, 8 9 10 8 10 10, 10 10 8 9, 10 8 9 8 9, 7 9 9 9 7 5 7 5 7 5 7]
 Bass: [Fingerings: 2 2 2 2, 2 2 1 2 0, 2 2 2 2, 2 2 2 2, 0 0 0 0, 0 7 7 0 2 2, 0 0 0 0, 0 0 4 0 0 1]
 Drums: [Fingerings: 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2]

Vocal

E *D* *A*

Oh People get on down Ah come on down

Guitar I

Guitar II

8va *(8va)*

Bass

Drums

104

Vocal

E *D*

Ah come on down oh come on down come on down

Guitar I

Guitar II

8va *(8va)*

Bass

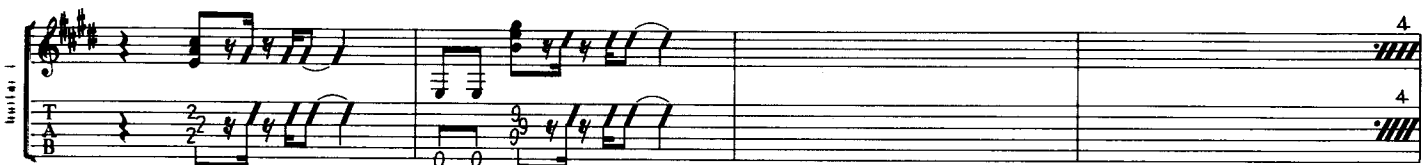
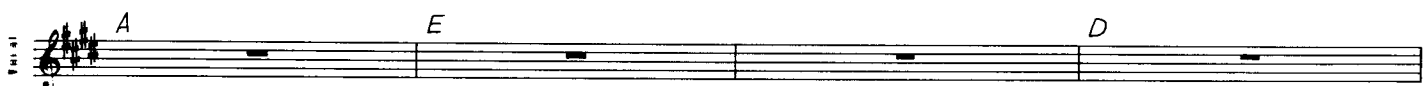
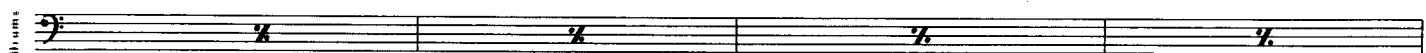
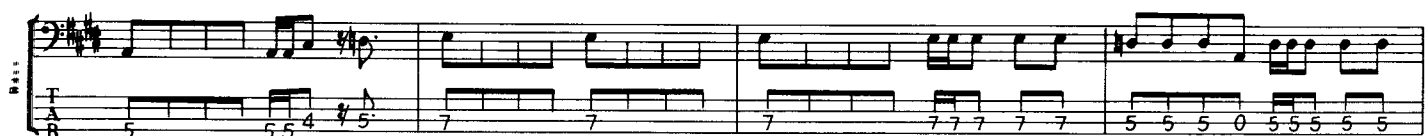
Drums



Oh

yeah, gon-na, sweet heart

yeah



The image displays a musical score for the song "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. The score is arranged in five staves, each representing a different instrument or voice part. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4.

- Vocal:** The vocal line begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It features a series of whole notes in the first measure, followed by a series of eighth notes in the second measure, and a series of quarter notes in the third measure. The notes are: C4, E4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, C6, D6, E6, F#6, G6, A6, B6, C7, D7, E7, F#7, G7, A7, B7, C8, D8, E8, F#8, G8, A8, B8, C9, D9, E9, F#9, G9, A9, B9, C10, D10, E10, F#10, G10, A10, B10, C11, D11, E11, F#11, G11, A11, B11, C12, D12, E12, F#12, G12, A12, B12, C13, D13, E13, F#13, G13, A13, B13, C14, D14, E14, F#14, G14, A14, B14, C15, D15, E15, F#15, G15, A15, B15, C16, D16, E16, F#16, G16, A16, B16, C17, D17, E17, F#17, G17, A17, B17, C18, D18, E18, F#18, G18, A18, B18, C19, D19, E19, F#19, G19, A19, B19, C20, D20, E20, F#20, G20, A20, B20, C21, D21, E21, F#21, G21, A21, B21, C22, D22, E22, F#22, G22, A22, B22, C23, D23, E23, F#23, G23, A23, B23, C24, D24, E24, F#24, G24, A24, B24, C25, D25, E25, F#25, G25, A25, B25, C26, D26, E26, F#26, G26, A26, B26, C27, D27, E27, F#27, G27, A27, B27, C28, D28, E28, F#28, G28, A28, B28, C29, D29, E29, F#29, G29, A29, B29, C30, D30, E30, F#30, G30, A30, B30, C31, D31, E31, F#31, G31, A31, B31, C32, D32, E32, F#32, G32, A32, B32, C33, D33, E33, F#33, G33, A33, B33, C34, D34, E34, F#34, G34, A34, B34, C35, D35, E35, F#35, G35, A35, B35, C36, D36, E36, F#36, G36, A36, B36, C37, D37, E37, F#37, G37, A37, B37, C38, D38, E38, F#38, G38, A38, B38, C39, D39, E39, F#39, G39, A39, B39, C40, D40, E40, F#40, G40, A40, B40, C41, D41, E41, F#41, G41, A41, B41, C42, D42, E42, F#42, G42, A42, B42, C43, D43, E43, F#43, G43, A43, B43, C44, D44, E44, F#44, G44, A44, B44, C45, D45, E45, F#45, G45, A45, B45, C46, D46, E46, F#46, G46, A46, B46, C47, D47, E47, F#47, G47, A47, B47, C48, D48, E48, F#48, G48, A48, B48, C49, D49, E49, F#49, G49, A49, B49, C50, D50, E50, F#50, G50, A50, B50, C51, D51, E51, F#51, G51, A51, B51, C52, D52, E52, F#52, G52, A52, B52, C53, D53, E53, F#53, G53, A53, B53, C54, D54, E54, F#54, G54, A54, B54, C55, D55, E55, F#55, G55, A55, B55, C56, D56, E56, F#56, G56, A56, B56, C57, D57, E57, F#57, G57, A57, B57, C58, D58, E58, F#58, G58, A58, B58, C59, D59, E59, F#59, G59, A59, B59, C60, D60, E60, F#60, G60, A60, B60, C61, D61, E61, F#61, G61, A61, B61, C62, D62, E62, F#62, G62, A62, B62, C63, D63, E63, F#63, G63, A63, B63, C64, D64, E64, F#64, G64, A64, B64, C65, D65, E65, F#65, G65, A65, B65, C66, D66, E66, F#66, G66, A66, B66, C67, D67, E67, F#67, G67, A67, B67, C68, D68, E68, F#68, G68, A68, B68, C69, D69, E69, F#69, G69, A69, B69, C70, D70, E70, F#70, G70, A70, B70, C71, D71, E71, F#71, G71, A71, B71, C72, D72, E72, F#72, G72, A72, B72, C73, D73, E73, F#73, G73, A73, B73, C74, D74, E74, F#74, G74, A74, B74, C75, D75, E75, F#75, G75, A75, B75, C76, D76, E76, F#76, G76, A76, B76, C77, D77, E77, F#77, G77, A77, B77, C78, D78, E78, F#78, G78, A78, B78, C79, D79, E79, F#79, G79, A79, B79, C80, D80, E80, F#80, G80, A80, B80, C81, D81, E81, F#81, G81, A81, B81, C82, D82, E82, F#82, G82, A82, B82, C83, D83, E83, F#83, G83, A83, B83, C84, D84, E84, F#84, G84, A84, B84, C85, D85, E85, F#85, G85, A85, B85, C86, D86, E86, F#86, G86, A86, B86, C87, D87, E87, F#87, G87, A87, B87, C88, D88, E88, F#88, G88, A88, B88, C89, D89, E89, F#89, G89, A89, B89, C90, D90, E90, F#90, G90, A90, B90, C91, D91, E91, F#91, G91, A91, B91, C92, D92, E92, F#92, G92, A92, B92, C93, D93, E93, F#93, G93, A93, B93, C94, D94, E94, F#94, G94, A94, B94, C95, D95, E95, F#95, G95, A95, B95, C96, D96, E96, F#96, G96, A96, B96, C97, D97, E97, F#97, G97, A97, B97, C98, D98, E98, F#98, G98, A98, B98, C99, D99, E99, F#99, G99, A99, B99, C100, D100, E100, F#100, G100, A100, B100, C101, D101, E101, F#101, G101, A101, B101, C102, D102, E102, F#102, G102, A102, B102, C103, D103, E103, F#103, G103, A103, B103, C104, D104, E104, F#104, G104, A104, B104, C105, D105, E105, F#105, G105, A105, B105, C106, D106, E106, F#106, G106, A106, B106, C107, D107, E107, F#107, G107, A107, B107, C108, D108, E108, F#108, G108, A108, B108, C109, D109, E109, F#109, G109, A109, B109, C110, D110, E110, F#110, G110, A110, B110, C111, D111, E111, F#111, G111, A111, B111, C112, D112, E112, F#112, G112, A112, B112, C113, D113, E113, F#113, G113, A113, B113, C114, D114, E114, F#114, G114, A114, B114, C115, D115, E115, F#115, G115, A115, B115, C116, D116, E116, F#116, G116, A116, B116, C117, D117, E117, F#117, G117, A117, B117, C118, D118, E118, F#118, G118, A118, B118, C119, D119, E119, F#119, G119, A119, B119, C120, D120, E120, F#120, G120, A120, B120, C121, D121, E121, F#121, G121, A121, B121, C122, D122, E122, F#122, G122, A122, B122, C123, D123, E123, F#123, G123, A123, B123, C124, D124, E124, F#124, G124, A124, B124, C125, D125, E125, F#125, G125, A125, B125, C126, D126, E126, F#126, G126, A126, B126, C127, D127, E127, F#127, G127, A127, B127, C128, D128, E128, F#128, G128, A128, B128, C129, D129, E129, F#129, G129, A129, B129, C130, D130, E130, F#130, G130, A130, B130, C131, D131, E131, F#131, G131, A131, B131, C132, D132, E132, F#132, G132, A132, B13

106

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. The score is arranged for five parts: Vocal, Guitar I, Guitar II, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is D major (two sharps: F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4.

- Vocal:** The vocal line is written in a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The melody is simple, with notes corresponding to the lyrics "Hello, hello, good morning to you." The lyrics are written below the staff.
- Guitar I:** The first guitar part is written in a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The melody is simple, with notes corresponding to the lyrics "Hello, hello, good morning to you." The lyrics are written below the staff.
- Guitar II:** The second guitar part is written in a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The melody is simple, with notes corresponding to the lyrics "Hello, hello, good morning to you." The lyrics are written below the staff.
- Bass:** The bass line is written in a single staff. It begins with a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The melody is simple, with notes corresponding to the lyrics "Hello, hello, good morning to you." The lyrics are written below the staff.
- Drums:** The drum part is written in a single staff. It begins with a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The melody is simple, with notes corresponding to the lyrics "Hello, hello, good morning to you." The lyrics are written below the staff.

The score is presented in a clean, professional layout, with each part clearly labeled and the lyrics written below the corresponding staves. The overall style is that of a standard musical score for a band.

The image shows a musical score for the hymn "Hail, Hail, the King is here". It consists of two staves: a vocal line and a guitar line. The vocal line is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The guitar line is in standard tuning (E A D G B E) and uses a slash notation for chords. The score is divided into four measures. The first measure contains the vocal melody and the guitar chord notation. The second and third measures are empty. The fourth measure contains the vocal melody and the guitar chord notation. The title "Hail, Hail, the King is here" is written in a decorative font at the top of the page.

[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system consists of a treble staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C), and a bass staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The melody is written in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is written in the bass staff. The second system continues the melody and accompaniment. The melody is written in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is written in the bass staff. The score is for a single melodic line and a single accompaniment line.

The musical notation for the Drums part is written on a single staff with a bass clef. It begins with a double bar line and a common time signature (C). The first measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The second measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The third measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The fourth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The fifth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The sixth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The seventh measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The eighth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The ninth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The tenth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The eleventh measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The twelfth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The thirteenth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The fourteenth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The fifteenth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The sixteenth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The seventeenth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The eighteenth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The nineteenth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The twentieth measure contains a series of eighth notes: a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes on G, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The notation ends with a double bar line.

[illegible][illegible]

Vocal

A ————— *no, no, — no* ————— *Ah, get on down* ————— *Ah, get on down*

Unitari I

Unitari II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

— gon - na come —

Unitari I

Unitari II

Bass

Drums

BROWN SUGAR

ブラウン・シュガー

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

印象的なギター・リフから始まる曲。ただし他の曲と異なる点は、このフレーズがボーカルとからまないことだ。いつもは、フレーズのトップの音がボーカルをなぞっていることが多いのに。つまりこの曲は、作曲のアプローチの仕方が違っていることを意味している。純粋にイントロというものを考えた結果が、このリフなんじゃないかと思う。まず最初の8小節、これはいつものパターンで割と簡単。問題は次の9～16小節だ。キースにしては、珍しくポジションが動くリフになっている。キーCで、E^b、A^bコードの登場となると、それだけでストーンズにしては考えたな、まじめに取りくんだな、などと推測してしまう。それと、この部分はポジションが低く、運指もちよつと変わっているの、とくにイントロの11、15小節目は要注意。やはりこの譜面通り2本のギターで同じリフを演奏しなければ、この厚みは出ないので、イ

ントロのリフが肝心。ドラムスはバス・ドラムのパターンをみると、8ビート・ロックンロールのニュアンスだが、もうちよつと泥臭いものとなっている。例えば④の2カッコ、あるいは⑤を見してほしい。ハイハットの8分をきざまないで、バス・タムできざんでいる。これはかなり特長が濃く出てしまうので、このパターンを使うには勇気がいるのだが、ここではバッチリ。土人の臭いがしてきそうな感じだ。ドラムスをサポートするのがベース。この曲では8分フレーズに徹しているが、これが落ち着きを出す結果を生んでいる。とくにイントロの3、5、7小節のコードCにおいてのベース音Gは有効に聴こえるね。「ブラウン・シュガー」が収められているアルバム『スティッキー・フィンガーズ』にはギター・プレイが素晴らしい曲がたくさん入っているので、ぜひ聴きこんでほしい。

110

VOCAL C G C F C G C F C G C F

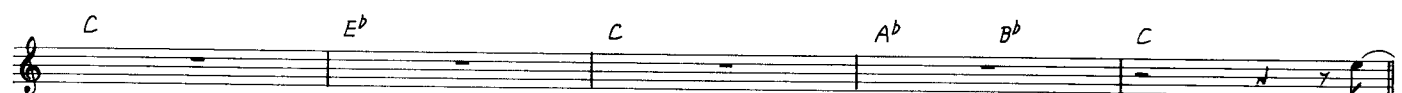
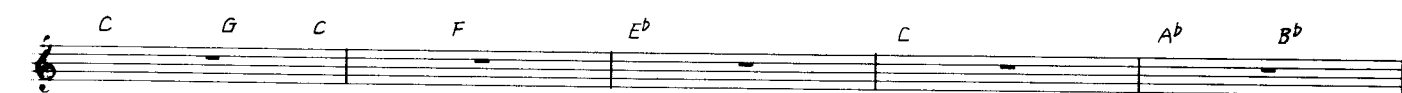
GUITAR I
(1st String = D)
(5th String = G)

GUITAR II

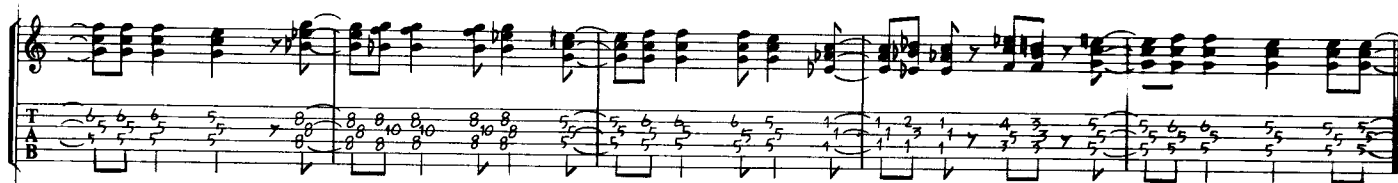
BASS

DRUMS

The musical score is arranged in five staves. The vocal staff at the top shows a melody of eighth notes with lyrics 'C G C F C G C F C G C F'. The Guitar I staff features a complex riff with many accidentals and a note density that suggests a double-tracked sound. The Guitar II staff provides a complementary melodic line. The Bass staff shows a steady eighth-note pattern. The Drums staff indicates a simple 8-beat rock pattern with bass drum and snare hits.



Gold _



A

— coast slave — ship bound for cot-ton fields — sold — in a mar-ket down in New Or - leans — Scar - red old slav - er know he's
— best cold — Eng-lish blood rum hot — La - dy of the house wond'-rin where it's gonna stop House — boy knows — that he's

112

B

doin' al - right — Hear — him whip the wo - men Just — a round mid - night Brown Su-gar —
doin' al - right — You — should have heard him Just — a round mid - night Brown Su-gar —
get down — Brown Su-gar — how —

C *G* *C*

how come you tasters so good — A ha ha
 how come you tasters so good — A ha ha
 — come you tasters so good — Ah — got get down —

Brown Su-gar — just like a young girl Should
 Brown Su-gar — just like a young girl Should
 Brown Su-gar — just like a young girl Should

The first system of the musical score includes a vocal melody line with lyrics, a piano accompaniment with chords and arpeggios, and guitar/bass lines with fret numbers. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The system is marked with chord symbols C, G, and C.

1. *E^b* *C* *C* *C*

— A ha ha — Wow!
 — A ha ha — Hey!
 — Now!

Wow — Drum —

The second system of the musical score continues the vocal melody and piano accompaniment. It includes a first ending bracket marked '1.' leading to a key change to E-flat major. The system is marked with chord symbols E^b, C, C, and C. The guitar/bass lines continue with fret numbers and rhythmic patterns.

2.

E^b C A^b B^b C (3 times) E^b

~ Sax Solo ~

C A^b B^b C

Ah _____

Coda

C

I bet your ma-ma was a Tent show queen _____ and _____

F C B^b
 — all her girl-friends were sweet six - teen — I'm — no school boy but I know what I like — You — should have — heard him just.

— a-round mid - night Brown Su-gar how come you tastes so good yeah Ah Brown Brown

C G C

Brown Su-gar just like a young girl should yeah

116

[E] G C

I say yeah yeah yeah wow! How come you how come you taste so good Yeah
 yeah yeah wow! Just like a just like a young girl should Yeah

G C G

— yeah — yeah — wow! —

T A B

1. 2. 3.

C C

1. 2. 3.

C C

T A B

1. 2. 3.

C C

TUMBLING DICE

ダイスをころがせ

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

この曲もギターはオープンGチューニングで、4フレットにカポタストをつけて演奏している。2本のギターは、ともにエフェクターなどつけず、アンプに直接プラグ・インしているナチュラルなものだ。少しディストーションしているが、アタッチメントは使わずに、アンプで自然にディストーションさせた方が良さそう。Guitar IIは、スライド奏法を行っている。これは、左手の小指などにスライド・バーをつけてプレイしているものだ。図のギター・ソロの部分では、スライド・バーを使わず、指でフレットを押え、チョーキングを行っている部分もあるが、スライド・

バーはつけたままにしておき、他の指を使ってもうまくフレットを押えるようにしよう。この曲では、ピアノも弾かれているが、スペースがないので省略させてもらった。これは、シンプルにコードを8分音符で刻んでいるものであり、問題なくプレイできるだろう。この曲のベース、ドラムは、ほとんどオーソドックスな8ビートのパターンを弾いている。テンポも演奏しやすいミディアムだ。リズムがはしらないように注意して、ノリの良い演奏を心がけたい。

18

Vocal

Intro

Um Yeah

Other

< Chorus >

Woo

Guitar I

Open G, Capo: 4

(G)

Guitar II

Open G, Capo: 4

Slide Guitar

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* *A* *B*

Wo - man think I'm tas - ty al - ways trying to waste me make me burn the can - die right down

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* *F#* *B* *F#* *B* *E*

Ba - by Ba - by (I) don't need jewels in my crown

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *Ba by (D)* *(G)* *Ba by (D)* *(G)* *(C)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F#* B *B*

'Cause all _____ you wo - men is low _____ down gamb - lers Cheat -

Other

Guitar I *(D)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* *F#* *B*

- ing like I don't know how _____ Ba - by _____ I know

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *Ba - by* *(D)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F# B E F#*
cra - zy There's fe - ver in the funk house now This

Other
cra - zy fe - ver in the funk house now

Guitar I *(D) (G) (C) (D)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *C B*
low down bitch - in' got my poor feet a - ich - ing Do you know the dance it still wild

Other

Guitar I *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

B F# B F# B E

Ba - by I can't stay You got to roll me and

Other

(G) Ba - by can't stay roll me

(D) (D) (G) (C)

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

E B (D) B

all me the tum - bl - ing dice Al - ways in a hurry I

Other

all me the tum - bl - ing dice

(C) (G) (G)

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Vocal *B* *F#* *B*

ne - ver stop to wor - ry Don't see the time flash - ing by Ho - ney got no

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *(D)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F#* *B* *E* *F#* *E* *B*

I'm all si - x and se - vens (and) nines Say now, ba - by, I'm the

Other *(D)* *(G)* *(C)* *(D)* *(G)*

mo - ney si - x and se - vens (and) nines

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* rank out - si - der You — can be my part - ner in crime — *F# B* Ba - by — I

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *(D)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F# B E* can't stay — (You) got (to) roll — me (and) call me the tum - bl - ing Oh yeah,

Other can't stay — Roll — me

Guitar I *(D)* *(G)* *(C)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal: *B* *F#* *B* *F* *B*

ma, babe — um

Guitar I: call me the tum - bl - ing dice —
(C) (D) (C)

Guitar II: <Slide Guitar>

Bass:

Drums:

Vocal: *B* *F#* *B*

Other:

Guitar I: (G) (D) (G)

Guitar II:

Bass:

Drums:

Vocal *F# B E F# G B*
Oh, my, — my, my, — I'm the lone

Other

Guitar I *(D) (G) (C) (D) (G)*

Guitar II *<Slide Guitar>*

Bass

Drums

126

Vocal *B F# B*
— crap shoo - ter Play - in' the field — e - very night — night, — Ba - by —

Other

Guitar I *(G) Ba - by (D) (G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

[illegible]

The musical score is arranged in five systems, each containing two staves:

- Vocal:** Features the lead vocal melody with lyrics "roll me call me the tum - bl - ing Yah got to". Chord symbols E, B, and F# are placed above the staff.
- Other:** Provides harmonic support with chords and the lyric "Yah got to roll me got to".
- Guitar I:** Shows guitar parts with chord symbols (C), (G), and (D) indicating specific sections.
- Guitar II:** Includes guitar parts with double bar lines and repeat signs.
- Bass:** Displays the bass line with fingerings indicated by circled numbers 2 and 4.
- Drums:** Shows the drum pattern throughout the piece.

128

Vocal

roll me got to roll me, um, um yeah got to

Other

roll me got to roll me got to

Guitar I

(C) (G) (D) (C) (G)_s (D)_s

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

roll me, um um got to roll me, um yeah got to

Other

roll me got to roll me got to

Guitar I

(C) (G) (C) (G)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *E* *B* *E* *B*
roll me, ah, ah _____ got to roll me, ah ah _____ got to

Other
roll me keep on roll - ring got to roll me keep on roll - ring got to

Guitar I *(C)* *(G)* *4 (C)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass
② 2 4 2 2 2 1 4 1 8 6 4 1

Drums

Vocal *E* *B* *E* *B*
roll me, ah, Yeah, _____ got to roll _____ me I'm _____ the tum - bl - ing

Other
roll me keep on roll - ring got to roll me got to

Guitar I *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass
② 2 2 ② 2 2

Drums

Repeat: 3

ANGIE

恋しみのアンジー

Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

一連のストーンズのナンバーとは、ちょっと雰囲気が違うようだが、名曲として、いつまでも残る曲の1つといえそう。曲調はスロー・テンポのバラードだ。この曲で使われているギターは、アコースティック・ギターだけで、チューニングはノーマルなものだ。譜面は、1本のギターしか載せられなかったが、途中からもう1本別のギターもコード・ストロークを行っている。これもやはりアコースティック・ギターで、シンプルに8ビートのストロークを行っているものだ。この曲では、キーボードとして、ピアノも活躍している。これは単純にコードを弾いているものでは

なく、メロディアスなプレイだ。繰り返しや、ダル・セーニョの後の部分では、譜面のフレーズを発展させて、アドリブでプレイしてもよいだろう。この他この曲では、ストリングスも入れられている。これはメロトロンという楽器を使ったものと思われるがシンセなどでプレイすれば問題ないだろう。この曲のドラムは、全体的に静かにプレイしているが、時々ハイハットをオープンさせてアクセントを入れているのが印象的だ。このハイハットは、タイミングよくペダリングを行い、鋭いプレイをしたい。

130

Vocal

Intro Am E Gsus4 F#sus4 F C G on B

Other

<Strings>

Keyboard

<Piano>

Guitar

(Harm.)

Bass

Drums

[A] Am E Gsus4 F#sus4 F C G#mB

Vocal: An - gie, An - gie, When will those clouds all di - sa - pear _____

Other: _____

Keyboard: _____ R.H. _____

Guitar: _____

Bass: _____

Drums: _____

Am E Gsus4 F#sus4 F C

Vocal: An - gie, An - gie where will they ever be from here _____ With no

Other: _____

Keyboard: _____

Guitar: _____

Bass: _____

Drums: _____

32

Vocal

to 3

G *Am* *E* *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *to 2*

An-gie,
An-gie,
An-gie,

r.D. 5 time Only →

An-gie - gie,
An-gie
An - gie,

You can't say me ne-ver tried
where will it lead us from here
ain't it time me said good-bye

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

to 1

F *C* *D* *Am* *E*

Vocal

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

An-gie you're beau-ti-ful — I still love you, yeah,
An-gie

Gsus4 *Fsus4* *F* *C* *C*

1. 2.

Vocal

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

but airt — it time — we said good-bye — All the dreams
re-mum - ber all - those nights we cried —

D.S.¹

♩ Coda 1

Vocal *Am* *E* *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *C* *GonB*

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

34

Vocal *Am* *E* *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *C* *Oh,*

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

D.S.2

♩ Coda 2

Vocal: F C G♯B [F] Am E Gsus4 F#sus4 F C
yeah! let me

Other: [Musical notation]

Keyboard: [Musical notation]

Guitar: [Musical notation with fret numbers]

Bass: [Musical notation with fret numbers]

Drums: [Musical notation]

♩ Coda 3

Vocal: G Dm Am Dm
An-gie I still love you ba-by e-very-where I look I see your eyes

Other: [Musical notation]

Keyboard: [Musical notation]

Guitar: [Musical notation with fret numbers]

Bass: [Musical notation with fret numbers]

Drums: [Musical notation]

Am Dm Am

Vocal

There ain't a wo - man that comes close to you

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

136

C F G H Am

Vocal

Come on ba - by dry your eyes An - gie,

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

Vocal

E *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *C*

An - gie. Ain't it good — to be a - live —

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

Vocal

Am *E* *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *F rit.* *C*

An - gie, An - gie. they can't say we ne - ver tried —

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

LET'S SPEND THE NIGHT TOGETHER

夜をぶつとばせ

Songs & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

この曲が出た当時は、英米では放送禁止となっていたが、我が国では、「夜をぶつとばせ」という明るい邦題で、ガンガンラジオから流れていた。この譜面は『スティル・ライフ』というアルバムからの採用で、ライブ・バージョンとなっている。それだけに実際の演奏に際しては、極めて現実的なコピー譜となっている。ストーンズのストレートなロックンロール・フィーリングがまっぴりと出ているからね。この曲のメインはやはりギターである。まずギターIをみると、イントロはサビのメロディこそ変のハーモニーを付け、ロックンロール・スタイルに導いて、る。5に入ってから3、4、7、8小節目もそれに準じたコーペ・エンディングになっている。ギターIIはどうであるかということ。こちらにもっとすき間をとり入れたフリーキーなバックイングをして、るが、

ギターIで補えなかった4の9~16小節のボーカルのメロディをうまくサポートしている。このように自由にプレイしているようでも、ツボはちゃんと押さえているところがニクイね。2本のギターのバックイングの存在感が高いから、ボーカルが終わったらギター・ソロ、なんていう展開はまったく必要なくなってしまうわけ。これほど特長のあるサウンドをバンドで出せるよう、さっそくトライしてみよう。ドラムスは、ライブということで、決まったパターンにとらわれず、自由に叩いているので、もうちょつと曲の構成ごとに整理してもいいだろう。エンディングはストーンズならではのもの。このエンディングでにつこり終わるにはまだまだ修業が足りないだろうね。スタジオ録音より軽快さでは劣るものの、力の入ったプレイをここから感じとってほしい。

Intro 07

Sheet music for the song "Let's Spend the Night Together" (夜をぶつとばせ). The score is written for five parts: Vocal, Guitar I, Guitar II, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The music is in the key of D major. The score includes an Intro section (07) and a main body of music. The guitar parts are particularly prominent, with Guitar I playing a melodic line and Guitar II providing a rhythmic accompaniment. The bass and drums provide a solid foundation for the track.

D *G* *Bm* *D7*

A *G* *Bm* *D7* *G*

1.) Now don't you worry 'bout what's on your mind — Oh — no —
 2,3.) I feel so strong (that) I can't dis - guise — Oh — no —

I'm in no hurry I could
 But I just won't a -

3m D7 C

Take my time — Oh — no —
— do — to — give — Oh — no

I'm go-ing red — and my tongue's get-ting tired —
I'll sa-tis-fy — your — ev-ery need —

G D C Bm

— tongue's get-ting tired —
— ev-ery need —

I'm off my head — and my mouth's get-ting dry —
And now I know — (you) sa-tis-fy me

I'm high, but I
Oh — my,

Bm

[B] D7

try, try, try — Let's spend the night — to — ge — ther Now I need you more — than e — ver
my, my, my, — my

try, try, try — Let's spend the night — to — ge — ther Now I need you more — than e — ver
my, my, my, — my

Handwritten musical score for "Let's Spend the Night Together" by The Rolling Stones. The score is written on five systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal melody with lyrics "Let's spend the night to-ge-ther now" and a guitar line. The second system shows a guitar solo with various fret numbers and a bass line. The third system continues the guitar and bass lines. The fourth system shows a bass line and a drum line. The fifth system shows a bass line and a drum line. The score is written in G major and 4/4 time.

D7 G^2 Bm D7

Let's spend the night — to — ge — ther

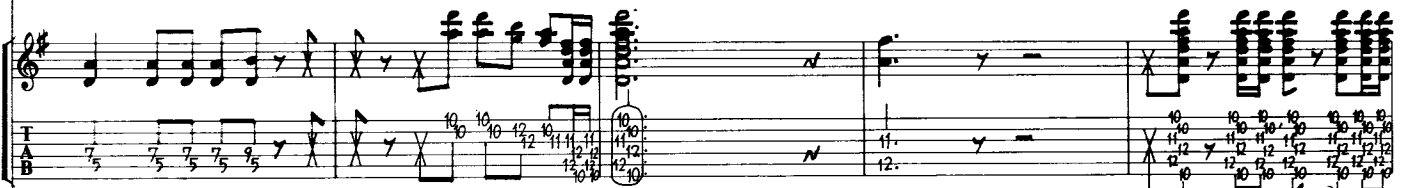
D C

Now I need you more — than e — ver Let's spend the night — to — ge — ther Let's spend the night —
 (now ———)

to-ge-ther Now I need you more than e-ver You know I'm sin-

ing, ba - by You need some guid - ing, ba - by I need you by me ba - - er

D7



Coda *G* *Bm* *E* *D7* *G*

Yeah — I need ya ba - by

Bm *D7* *G* *Bm*

Yeah — More — than e - ver — now — Yeah —

Chord progression: D7, G, Bm, D7

Lyrics: More than e-ver now Oh yeah su-gar



Chord progression: G, Bm, D7

Lyrics: More than e-ver now



3x Repeat (2, 3x: Simile)

D7

Let's spend the night — to - ge - ther Now I need you more — than e - ver Let's spend the night —

to - ge - ther now —

TIME IS ON MY SIDE

ライブ・アルバム『スティル・ライフ』からだが、これは素晴らしい出来。もう涙なくしては聴けないね。この曲は注目すべき点がいろいろあるので、頭の方から順を追ってみよう。まずイントロのアルペジオ。これもほとんどソロに近いだけに難しい。とくに3連のリズムだからね。最近ギター・ソロは弾けてもアルペジオはできないなどという本末転倒な人がいるから、この機会に正確にピッキングし、正確なリズムを出せるよう練習するといい。イントロのギターIIはこれはもうフィーリングの世界というしかない。自然にプレイできるまで繰り返そう。Aの歌い出しの“Time”というところのフェイクは、この曲に対するミツクの思い入れがよく表われているところ。敬意を表して、コピーしよう。そう、ミツクになりきってね。Aの5、6小節のギターIのフィ

ル・インは、ブルース・フィーリング満載のフレーズ。とくにスライド、チョーキングなどの技は、大事に取り入れよう。BからのギターIのソロはもう圧巻。1～5小節の間のとり方はもうこれ以上考えられないというもの。後半3小節のたたみかけるようなフレーズも、盛り上げるね。そして最後の小節のリズムのキメを経て、Aにダル・セーニョ。ここでスッとボリュームを下げるあたりは、やはり年季としかいえないだろう。コーダのリピートも、サラッと流して3カッコの3拍、4拍目でリズム・セクションをつけ、エンディングとしている。これはカッコいいね。最後のコードは突然Fメジャー7th。これもGOOD! ストーンズにしては、バッチリきまった(?)エンディング。やはりこういうバラードはライブの方が数倍いいね。

48

The musical score is arranged in five staves. The top staff is for the Vocal part, starting with an 'Intro' and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The second staff is for Guitar I, featuring a melodic line with various fret numbers and a 'T' (tremolo) marking. The third staff is for Guitar II, starting with a '8va' (octave up) marking and featuring a complex melodic line with many fret numbers. The fourth staff is for the Bass, showing a simple harmonic line. The fifth staff is for the Drums, showing a rhythmic pattern with 'x' marks for hits. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, with some measures containing multiple notes or rests.

[A] 8

F
2.3 time Chorus

B^b C B^b C F

Time _____ is on my side _____, Yes it is _____ Time _____ is on my
(Time _____ is on my side _____ Time _____ is on my

H

0 1 3 3 1 2 3 2 0 1 2

3 2 1 1 2 1 2 0 1 2

3 3 3 3 2 0 2

3 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2

UD QU

UD QU

16 16 16 16 16

2.3 times

1x tacet →

1x (%)

(%)

(%)

B^b C Dm C Dm C B^b

side _____, Yes it is _____

side _____)

You're searchin' for good times _____

'Cause I got the real time _____

'Cause I got the real time _____

But just wait and see

The kind that you need

The kind that you need

You'll come _____ remain' back

3 3 4 5 5 5

3 3 4 5 5 5

3 3 4 5 5 5

3 3 4 5 5 5

3 3 4 5 5 5

3 3 4 5 5 5

3 3 4 5 5 5

3 3 4 5 5 5

1x (Tom)

(2x T. Cym)

F B^b F B^b

Go ahead and light up the town Baby do anything your little heart desires Remember I will always be around One day you'll be back walkin' through that

The musical score is arranged in four systems. The first system shows the vocal melody with lyrics. The second system contains the guitar part with a capo on the 5th fret, indicated by '5' above the staff. The third system contains the bass part. The fourth system contains a double bass line. The score includes various musical notations such as chords, scales, and fingerings.

Dm

G

C

same door But you don't need to be shy for it baby Just screamin' out for it No, no, no,

8va ↓

D.S.

Coda

C

F

1. 2.

B^b

3.

B^b

C

FΔ7

Time time time is on my side yes it is side yeah!

HARLEM SHUFFLE

ハーレム・シャッフル

Music by Earl Nelson & Bob Finkel

不思議な雰囲気のアイントロからこの曲は始まっている。ここは、フリー・テンポになっているので、イン・テンポになる3小節目のタイミングに注意してプレイしよう。この曲では、3本以上のギターが重ねて録音されているが、譜面の都合上省略した音もある。これらのギターは非常にラフで、バラバラに弾いているようだが、全体として、ひとつのノリを出しており、これがストーンズ・サウンドの1つの特徴だ。とにかく、ノリを大事にして演奏してもらいたい。ノーマルなベースのチューニングでは演奏不可能なD[#]の音が弾かれている部分がある。これは、譜面のように4弦をD[#]に下げてチューニングすれば解決するだろう。タブ譜は、このチューニングによるものを記しておいた。又、ベースのすべての弦を半音下げてチューニングしてもよい。どちらでも、各自弾きやすい方法を選んでもらいたい。この曲では、キーボードと

して、エレピとオルガンの音が入っている。両方ともに単純なパターンの演奏だが、全体のノリをくずさない様に気をつけたい。この曲は、G[#]m、A、Am、B^bといったキーが入りみだれており、転調の部分がたくさんある。そのつどに、キメのフレーズをギターが弾いているのだが、それ以外の部分では、リズム・カッティングと、オブリガートのフレーズを延々と弾いている。譜面通り、正確に弾いてもよいが、フレーズを感じをつかんだら、譜面にとらわれず、自由に弾いてみるとよいだろう。この曲でのオブリガートは、すべてペンタトニック・スケールによる演奏だ。このスケールの使い方を、ぜひマスターしてもらいたい。なお、エンディングのフェード・アウト部分では、サンプリング・シンセを使ったと思われる、オーケストラ風のフレーズが少し聴かれるが、譜面では省略させてもらった。

Intro 1. Bm

VOCAL

Woo

Intro 2. G[#]m

Woo

(Organ)

KEYBOARD

(E. Piano)

GIITAR I

GIITAR II

BASS (4th String = D[#])

DRUMS

[A] *G#m*

You mo - ve to the left Yeah, you go for your-self You
 scratch just like a mon - key Yeah, ya do re - al cool you

mo - ve to the right if it takes all night
 slide to the 'im - bo Yeah, How low can you go?

[B]

A

Now take it kind a slow — With a whole lotta soul — Don't
 Now come on ba - by (Yeah, come on baby) Don't fall down on me now — Just

(Organ)
 (E. Piano)

2x cym. → (2x cym.) →

[C]

G#m

[D]

G#m

move — it too fast — Just make it last — You Yeah, yeah, — yeah, —
 move — it night here to the Har-lem Shu - ffe

(E. Piano)

tr. wavy tr. wavy

$G^{\#m}$ G A^m H A^m

Hitch, hitch, hitch hike ba -

(Organ)

(E. Piano)

- by, a-cross the floor _____ oh _____, oh _____, oh _____, I can't stand it no more.

Am I B^b

Now come on ba - by (Now come on ba-by) you get into your side

(Organ)

Tablature for guitar and bass is provided below the staff lines.

J Am

Oh, Just ride, ride, ride, till' po - ny ride

(Organ)
(E. Piano)

Tablature for guitar and bass is provided below the staff lines.

Am

1.3.4.) Yeah.

yeah. _____ yeah.

Do the Har - lem shu - ffle
Shake a tale fea - ther, ba - by

(Shake, shake, shake, shake —)

(Organ)

(F. Piano)

158

Year.

~~year,~~ — yeah,

Do the Har - tem Shu - ffe
Shake a tale fea - ther ba - by

Do the Mon kei Shine _____

Repeat & Fade Out